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**JOHN FLUKE MFG. CO., INC.**

P. O. Box 7428  
Seattle, Washington 98133

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**MODEL  
730A**

**730A DC TRANSFER STANDARD**

**MODEL 730A, SERIAL NO. \_\_\_\_\_ AND ON.**

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# warranty

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The JOHN FLUKE MFG. CO., INC. warrants each instrument manufactured by them to be free from defects in material and workmanship. Their obligation under this Warranty is limited to servicing or adjusting an instrument returned to the factory for that purpose, and to making good at the factory any part or parts thereof; except tubes, fuses, choppers and batteries, which shall, within one year after making delivery to the original purchaser, be returned by the original purchaser with transportation charges prepaid, and which upon their examination shall disclose to their satisfaction to have been thus defective. If the fault has been caused by misuse or abnormal conditions of operation, repairs will be billed at a nominal cost. In this case, an estimate will be submitted before work is started, if requested.

If any fault develops, the following steps should be taken:

1. Notify the John Fluke Mfg. Co., Inc., giving full details of the difficulty, and include the Model number, type number, and serial number. On receipt of this information, service data or shipping instructions will be forwarded to you.
2. On receipt of the shipping instructions, forward the instrument prepaid, and repairs will be made at the factory. If requested, an estimate of the charges will be made before the work begins, provided the instrument is not covered by the Warranty.

#### SHIPPING

All shipments of John Fluke Mfg. Co., Inc. instruments should be made via Railway Express prepaid. The instrument should be shipped in the original packing carton; or if it is not available, use any suitable container that is rigid. If a substitute container is used, the instrument should be wrapped in paper and surrounded with at least four inches of excelsior or similar shock-absorbing material.

#### CLAIM FOR DAMAGE IN SHIPMENT

The instrument should be thoroughly inspected immediately upon receipt. All material in the container should be checked against the enclosed packing list. The manufacturer will not be responsible for shortages against the packing sheet unless notified immediately. If the instrument fails to operate properly, or is damaged in any way, a claim should be filed with the carrier. A full report of the damage should be obtained by the claim agent, and this report should be forwarded to John Fluke Mfg. Co., Inc. Upon receipt of this report you will be advised of the disposition of the equipment for repair or replacement. Include the model number, type number, and serial number when referring to this instrument for any reason.

The John Fluke Mfg. Co., Inc. will be happy to answer all application questions which will enhance your use of this instrument. Please address your requests to: JOHN FLUKE MFG. CO., INC., P.O. BOX 7428, SEATTLE, WASHINGTON 98133.

**ERRATA  
MODEL 730A  
DC TRANSFER STANDARD**

Page 2-2, Figure 2-1

Switch designated "115/250V switch" should be "115/230V switch".

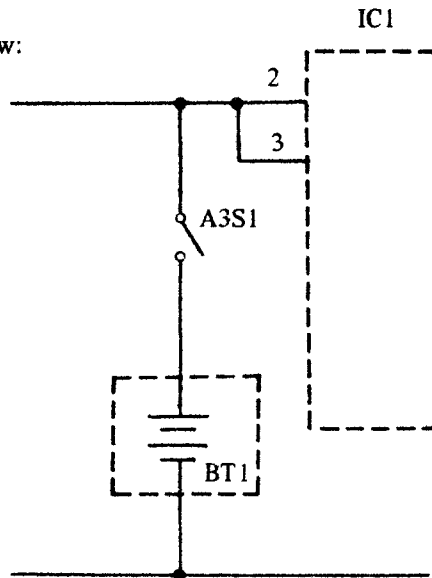
Page 5-10

R15 should be Res, met flm, 31.6K  $\pm$  1%, 1/2w, STOCK NO. 291146.

R16 should be Res, met flm, 8.06K  $\pm$  1%, 1/2w, STOCK NO. 291153.

Schematic No. 1

Add switch to schematic as shown below:



Change the designation of R15 to R16.  
Change the designation of R16 to R15.

Page 4-3, Figure 4-2

Reverse connections to Standard Cell so that "+" terminal of Standard Cell connects to "+" terminal of 730A.

Page 4-4, Paragraph 4-22(b)

Change to read:

"b. Connect the negative output terminal of the 341A to the guard terminal of the 730A and the positive output terminal of the 341A to case (ground) of the 730A."

Page 4-6, Table 4-2

STEP 6: Change 1.0199999 to 1.0199990.

STEP 7: Change R1 to R5.

Page 5-12

Add the following parts information to table:

<u>FLUKE STOCK NO.</u>	<u>MFR.</u>	<u>MFR. PART NO.</u>
291823	58474	DF31WTC
292771	89536	292771

Page 5-11, Figure 5-4

Change reference designation "R24" to "R21".



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# Table of Contents

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SECTION	TITLE	PAGE
<b>I</b>	<b>INTRODUCTION AND SPECIFICATIONS . . . . .</b>	<b>1-1</b>
	1-1. Introduction . . . . .	1-1
	1-6. Electrical Specifications . . . . .	1-1
	1-7. Environmental Specifications . . . . .	1-2
	1-8. General Specifications . . . . .	1-3
<b>II</b>	<b>OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS . . . . .</b>	<b>2-1</b>
	2-1. Introduction . . . . .	2-1
	2-3. Installation . . . . .	2-1
	2-5. Repackaging for Shipment . . . . .	2-4
	2-7. Input Power Requirements . . . . .	2-1
	2-9. Operating Features . . . . .	2-1
	2-11. Using the 730A . . . . .	2-1
	2-13. Applications . . . . .	2-1
	2-18. Operating Notes . . . . .	2-4
<b>III</b>	<b>THEORY OF OPERATION . . . . .</b>	<b>3-1</b>
	3-1. Introduction . . . . .	3-1
	3-3. General . . . . .	3-1
	3-5. Circuit Description . . . . .	3-1
<b>IV</b>	<b>MAINTENANCE . . . . .</b>	<b>4-1</b>
	4-1. Introduction . . . . .	4-1
	4-3. Service Information . . . . .	4-1
	4-5. Test Equipment . . . . .	4-1
	4-7. General Maintenance . . . . .	4-2
	4-16. Performance Tests . . . . .	4-3
	4-25. Trouble Shooting . . . . .	4-5
	4-27. Calibration . . . . .	4-6

V	<b>LIST OF REPLACEABLE PARTS</b> . . . . .	5-1
5-1.	Introduction . . . . .	5-1
5-4.	Parts List Column Description . . . . .	5-1
5-5.	Manufacturers' Cross Reference List Column Description . . . . .	5-2
5-6.	How to Obtain Parts . . . . .	5-2
5-9.	Serial Number Effectivity . . . . .	5-3
	Parts Lists . . . . .	5-4 to 5-10
	Manufacturers' Cross Reference List . . . . .	5-12

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## List of Tables

---

TABLE	TITLE	PAGE
2-1.	730A Operating Instructions . . . . .	2-3
4-1.	Test Equipment . . . . .	4-1
4-2.	Model 730A Calibration . . . . .	4-6

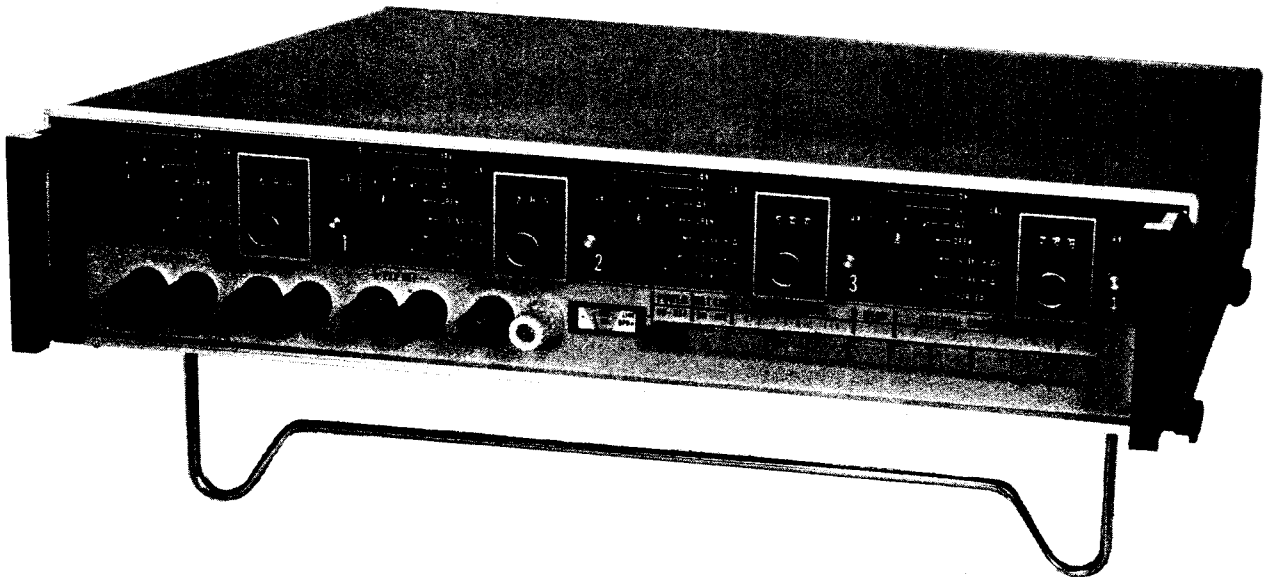
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# List of Illustrations

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FIGURE	TITLE	PAGE
1-1.	Model 730A Outline Drawing . . . . .	1-2
2-1.	Controls, Terminals, and Indicators . . . . .	2-2
2-2.	Internal Reference Supply Connectors During Series Operation . . . . .	2-3
2-3.	Proper Guard Connection when Potential Differences Exist Between Power Line Grounds . . . . .	2-4
3-1.	Model 730A Block Diagram . . . . .	3-1
3-2.	Reference Amplifier . . . . .	3-2
4-1.	730A Internal Layout . . . . .	4-2
4-2.	Equipment Connections for Line Regulation, DC to 1 Hz Output Noise, Transfer Accuracy, and Turn-off/Turn-on Tests. . . . .	4-3
4-3.	Equipment Connections for 1 Hz to 1 MHz Output Noise Test . . . . .	4-4
4-4.	Equipment Connections for Common Mode Rejection Test . . . . .	4-4
4-5.	Divider Adjustment - Equipment Connections . . . . .	4-5
4-6.	Absolute Voltage Adjustment - Equipment Connections . . . . .	4-6
5-1.	Model 730A DC Transfer Standard . . . . .	5-5
5-2.	Front Panel Assembly . . . . .	5-6
5-3.	Main PCB Assembly . . . . .	5-9
5-4.	Reference Supply Assembly . . . . .	5-11

730A



**MODEL 730A DC TRANSFER STANDARD**



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## Section 1

# Introduction & Specifications

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### 1-1. INTRODUCTION

1-2. The Model 730A DC Transfer Standard is a versatile instrument providing a variety of precision voltages with standard cell accuracy. The instrument incorporates four identical, isolated reference supplies. They each may be operated individually to provide basic outputs of 10 volts, 1 volt, 1.018 volts +  $\Delta E$ , 1.019 volts +  $\Delta E$ , and  $\Delta E$  (0 to 999  $\mu\text{v}$ ). The four supplies can also be connected in series or parallel via front panel controls to provide numerous voltage combinations.

1-3. The  $\Delta E$  control is a precision 10 turn linear potentiometer which has a 3-digit direct reading dial. Resolution of the control is 1 microvolt, thus allowing 1 microvolt steps (to 999  $\mu\text{v}$ ) to be added to the 1.018 and 1.019 volt outputs. The  $\Delta E$  output may be selected independently as well.

1-4. The primary reference element in the 730A is a reference amplifier with precisely known characteristics. The device is a zener diode with active circuitry added to provide a voltage reference with a very low temperature coefficient over a 55°C temperature range. Output voltage stability is better than 10 ppm/month; transfer accuracy is 2 ppm/month between standard cells; and in parallel operation (all supply outputs paralleled), the arithmetic mean output will be within 1.0 ppm of a straight line for 90 days.

1-5. Each supply is separately powered by its own rechargeable battery pack. State of charge is indicated on a front panel meter.

### 1-6. ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Output Voltage:	10.000 volts dc 1.000 volts dc (1.018 + $\Delta E$ ) volts dc (1.019 + $\Delta E$ ) volts dc $\Delta E$ : +0.0 to 999 $\mu\text{v}$ in 1 $\mu\text{v}$ steps
Transfer Accuracy:	2 ppm between standard cells. 3 ppm between standard cell and 1 volt output. 5 ppm between standard cell and 10 volt output.
$\Delta E$ Resolution and Accuracy:	1 $\mu\text{v}$
Reference Stability:	Better than 10 ppm per month after 30 minute warmup. Mean of four outputs within 1 ppm of a straight line for 90 days.
Line Regulation:	Less than 1 ppm/ $\pm 10\%$ line variation.
Output Impedance:	Less than 1.1 k $\Omega$ for 1v, 1.018v, 1.019v and 10v positions. Less than 150 $\Omega$ for $\Delta E$ (0.0 to 999 $\mu\text{v}$ ) positions.
Ripple & Noise:	Less than 1 ppm p-p from dc to 1 Hz. Less than 20 $\mu\text{v}$ rms from 1 Hz to 1 MHz.

Common Mode Rejection: 120 db at dc  
100 db at 60 Hz  
85 db at 400 Hz

Calibration

Separate internal adjustments for the five output voltages. Front panel adjustment common to all voltages including the 10.000v output. Calibrate at 90-day intervals. Basic reference adjustments accessible from front panel.

Output Current: 5 ma ( maximum) per reference element with output shorted. No instrument damage from shorted output.

1-7. ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

Isolation: Output may be floated up to 1000 vdc between chassis ground and guard.

Temperature Range: +0°C to +55°C operating  
-40°C to +60°C storage

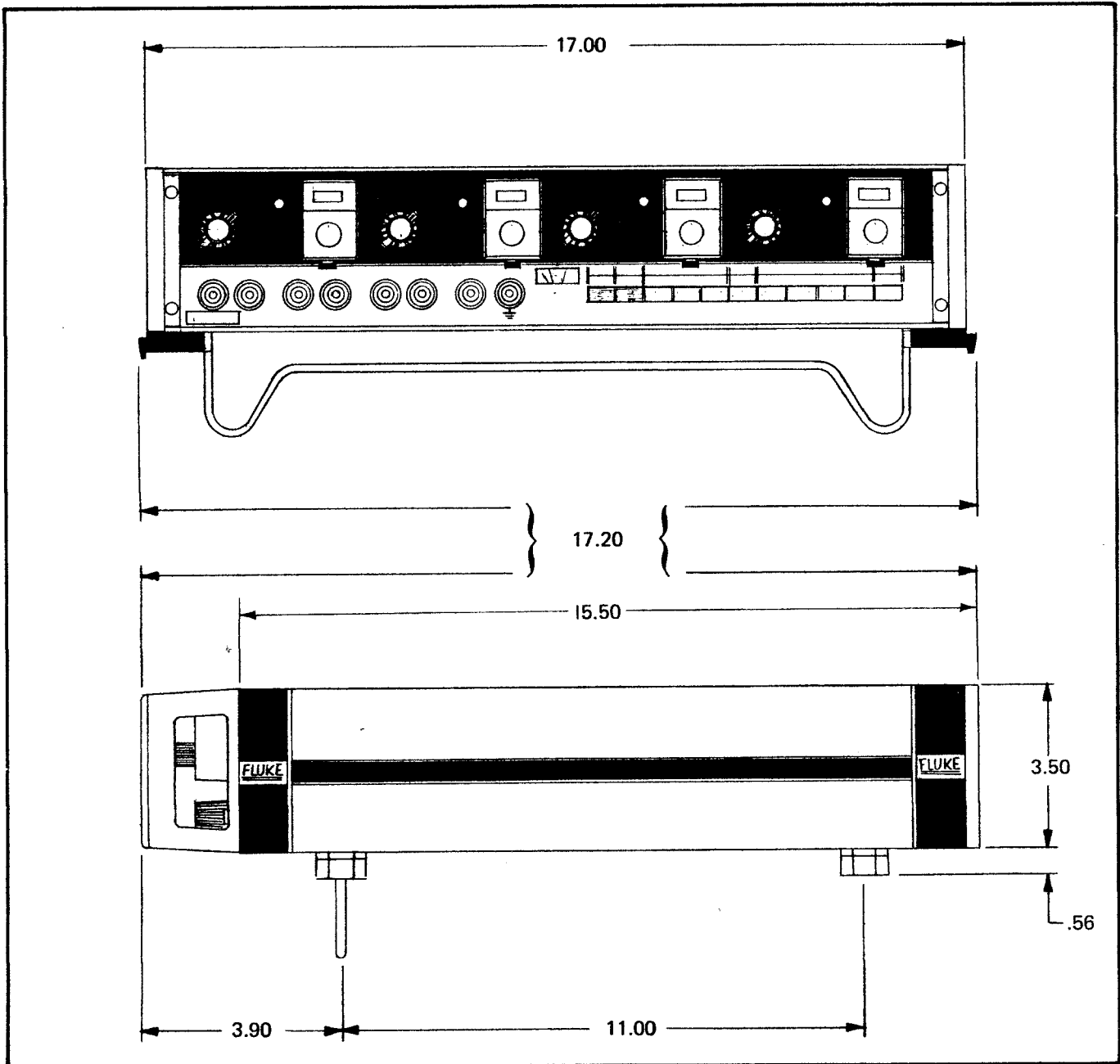


Figure 1-1. MODEL 730A OUTLINE DRAWING

Temperature Coefficient: Less than 0.5 ppm/°C from 20°C to 30°C.  
 Less than 1 ppm/°C from 4°C to 40°C.  
 Less than 1.5 ppm/°C from 0°C to 4°C and 40°C to 55°C.

Shock and Vibration: Meets requirements of MIL-T-21200H.

## 1-8. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Terminals: Eight five-way binding posts for positive, negative, guard, chassis ground, positive and negative external reference, and positive and

negative external voltmeter. All positive and negative terminals are solid copper with gold flash

**Battery Operation:** Rechargeable nickel-cadmium batteries provided at least 50 hours of continuous operation.

**Input Power** 115v or 230v  $\pm$  10v ac, 50 to 400 Hz single phase or internal battery operation.

**Size:** 3.5" high x 17" wide x 15.5" deep. (See outline drawing, Figure 1-1).

**Weight:** 20 pounds.



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## Section 2

# Operating Instructions

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### 2-1. INTRODUCTION

2-2. This section contains operating instructions and applications information for the Model 730A. If any problem is encountered in operating the instrument, contact the nearest John Fluke sales representative or write directly to John Fluke Mfg. Co., Inc. Please include the instrument serial number when writing.

### 2-3. INSTALLATION

2-4. The 730A is supplied with non-marring feet and tilt-down bail for bench or field use. Rack mounting kits are available for installation of the instrument in a standard 19-inch rack. Kit M03-200-306 provides rack ears, kit MEE 8078 provides 18-inch chassis slides, and kit MEE 8079 provides 24-inch chassis slides. Each kit contains necessary hardware and detailed installation instructions.

### 2-5. REPACKAGING FOR SHIPMENT

2-6. This instrument was packed and shipped in a foam-backed cardboard carton. If reshipment is required, the original container should be used, if available. Upon request, a new container can be obtained from the John Fluke Mfg. Co., Inc. Please include the instrument model number when requesting a new container.

### 2-7. INPUT POWER REQUIREMENTS

2-8. The 730A operates on 115 or 230 volt, 50 to 400 Hz ac power. To convert the instrument from one

type of operation to another, place the 115/230 volt switch (located at rear of instrument) in the desired position and select the proper fuse:  $\frac{1}{2}$  ampere for 115 volt operation and  $\frac{1}{4}$  ampere for 230 volt operation.

### WARNING!

The round pin on the polarized three-prong plug connects the instrument case to power system ground. If a three-to-two-wire adapter is used, ensure that the ground wire is connected to a high quality earth ground.

### 2-9. OPERATING FEATURES

2-10. The function of controls, terminals, and indicators is given in Figure 2-1.

### 2-11. USING THE 730A.

2-12. Table 2-1 gives instructions for using the 730A.

### 2-13. APPLICATIONS

### 2-14. Standard Cell Transfer

2-15. Each of the four supplies in the 730A may be individually standardized to a standard cell by the procedure given in Table 2-1. The standardized output of each

supply will be within 2 ppm of the standard cell voltage and will remain so within 10 ppm per month. In parallel operation (MEAN), all supply outputs are paralleled. The

output will then be the arithmetic mean of the individual reference supply outputs and the stability will be within 1 ppm of a straight line for 90 days.

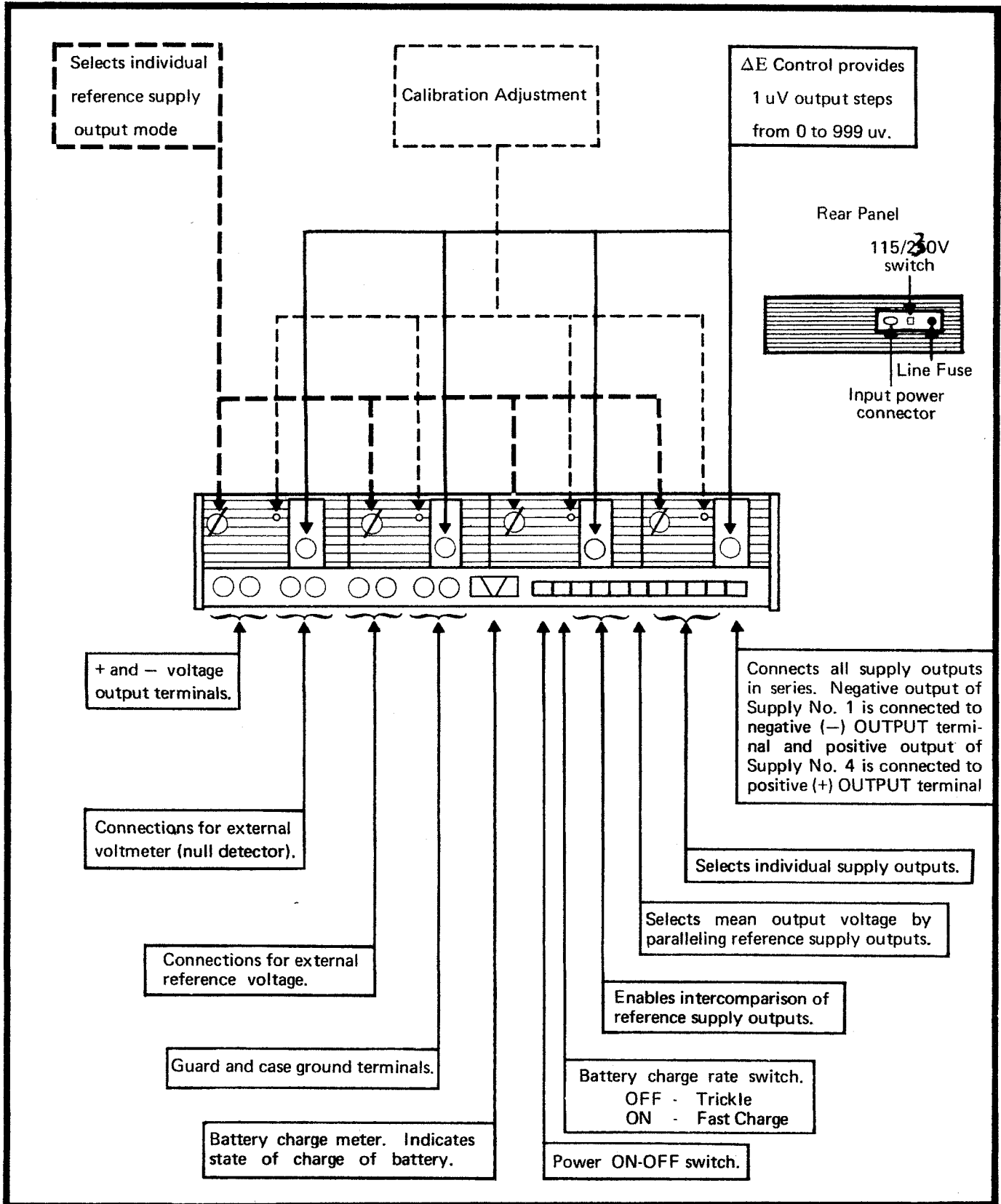


Figure 2-1. CONTROLS, TERMINALS AND INDICATORS.

Table 2-1. 730A OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

OPERATION	730A			REMARKS	
	FUNCTION	OUTPUT (PUSHBUTTON) SELECTION	CONNECTIONS		
Battery charge	Any	BAT CHG	None required	Batteries are fast charged when the BAT CHG button is pressed; otherwise, they are automatically trickle charged. The front panel meter indicates the state of charge of the battery during battery operation. During line operation, the meter pointer deflects to the right to indicate that the batteries are charging.	
Comparison of internal supply outputs	Any voltage setting	INTERNAL COMP. 1-2, 1-3, or 1-4	Connect sensitive dc voltmeter such as Fluke 845AB to 730A OUTPUT terminals.	Voltmeter will indicate difference between output voltages of (selected) supplies.	
Transfer standard	Single Supply Operation	Set selected supply output to $1.018 + \Delta E$ or $1.019 + \Delta E$ depending on standard cell voltage	EXTERNAL COMP/OUTPUT 1, 2, 3 or 4	Connect standard cell to EXT REF terminals and voltmeter to VM terminals	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Adjust <math>\Delta E</math> control until function switch setting plus <math>\Delta E</math> microvolts equal standard cell voltage</li> <li>2. Adjust CAL control for null with voltmeter on most sensitive range.</li> <li>3. Disconnect standard cell.</li> </ol>
	Parallel Supply Operation	Set all supply outputs to $(1.018 + \Delta E)$ or $(1.019 + \Delta E)$ depending on standard cell voltage.	MEAN	Mean output of four supplies is available at OUTPUT terminals	Set each set of function and $\Delta E$ controls to equal standard cell voltage. <i>NOTE!</i> <i>Individual supplies should have been previously calibrated to same standard cell.</i>
Series output	Set individual supplies to provide any series combination of output voltages including shorted output	SERIES	Combined output voltage is available at OUTPUT terminals.	Output is the total of individual supply settings. Negative output of supply no. 1 is connected to - OUTPUT terminal and positive output of supply no. 4 is connected to + OUTPUT terminal (See Figure 2-2).	

## 2-16. Precision Voltage Source

2-17. The 730A can provide a variety of discrete output voltages through series connection of the four internal supplies. This is accomplished at the front panel by simply pressing the SERIES switch and setting the individual function switches to provide the desired output. For example, if each reference supply function switch were set to the  $\Delta E$  position, the 730A output would be 0 to 3996 microvolts in 1 microvolt steps. Whenever series operation is selected, the reference supply outputs are connected to

the 730A OUTPUT terminals as shown in Figure 2-2. Maximum output, with all supplies at 10V, is 40 volts.

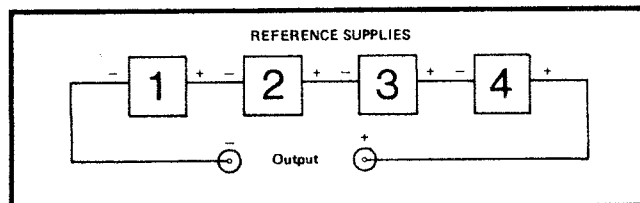


Figure 2-2. INTERNAL REFERENCE SUPPLY CONNECTIONS DURING SERIES OPERATION.

## 2-18. OPERATING NOTES

### 2-19. Guarded Operation

2-20. Complete isolation of the 730A circuitry is provided by the guard chassis in the instrument. The guard is brought out to the front panel GUARD terminal. In general, guarded operation will be necessary under the following conditions:

- When differences of potential exist between equipment power line grounds.
- When long connecting leads are used and load impedance is high.
- When the equipment is operating in the presence of high level radiated noise, the most common example of which is stray fields at the power line frequency.

2-21. One of the most common cases requiring guarding is that of differences in power line grounds. When the 730A is connected to another instrument, both instruments grounded through their respective power cords, a potential difference may exist between the power line grounds of these two instruments. This potential difference can cause circulating ground currents which could cause errors in the output voltage. To prevent these errors from occurring, the 730A is equipped with a guard which completely encloses sensitive instrument circuitry. When properly connected to the load, the guard provides a separate path for the circulating ground currents, thus eliminating possible errors in the output voltage. For proper connection,

connect the GUARD terminal directly to the grounded side of the load, at the load. Figure 2-3 illustrates the correct GUARD terminal connection and the rerouted ground currents.

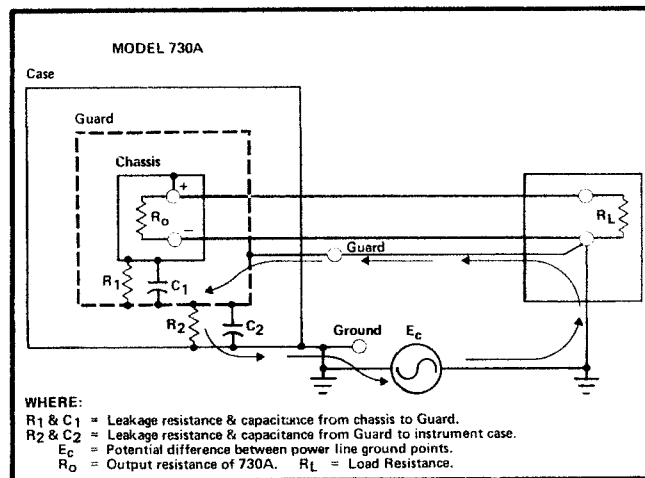


Figure 2-3. PROPER GUARD CONNECTION WHEN POTENTIAL DIFFERENCES EXIST BETWEEN POWER LINE GROUNDS.

### 2-22. Battery Operation

2-23. The rechargeable nickel-cadmium batteries provide at least 50 hours of continuous operation before recharging is required. The batteries are automatically trickle charged whenever the instrument is operating from the ac line. They may be fast charged by pressing the BAT CHG switch. Recharging of completely discharged batteries requires 100 hours of trickle charging or 10 hours of fast charging.



## Section 3

# Theory of Operation

### 3-1. INTRODUCTION

3-2. This section contains the theory of operation of the Model 730A. In the general discussion, the instrument function is examined at the block diagram level. The detailed circuit description is keyed to the schematics at the back of the manual.

### 3-3. GENERAL

3-4. The 730A is composed of four isolated, identical dc power supplies connected as shown in Figure 3-1. AC power is supplied to the charging circuits of the supplies via separate secondary windings on the power transformer. These circuits provide preregulated dc for the ultra-stable reference supplies. The reference supplies are in effect precision temperature-compensated dc sources combined with drift-free operational amplifiers. Reference supply outputs are selected in the divider by front panel function and  $\Delta E$  controls and are supplied to the switching network where various combinations of the four supply outputs are called by front panel push-buttons.

### 3-5. CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

### 3-6. Charging Circuit

3-7. Input ac from the power transformer is rectified in a full-wave bridge composed of CR1, CR2, CR3, and CR4. Bridge output is applied through R1 to trickle charge battery BT1 or through ballast lamp DS1, if the BAT CHG button is pressed, to fast charge BT1. The ballast lamp regulates or limits battery charging current to ensure a safe level

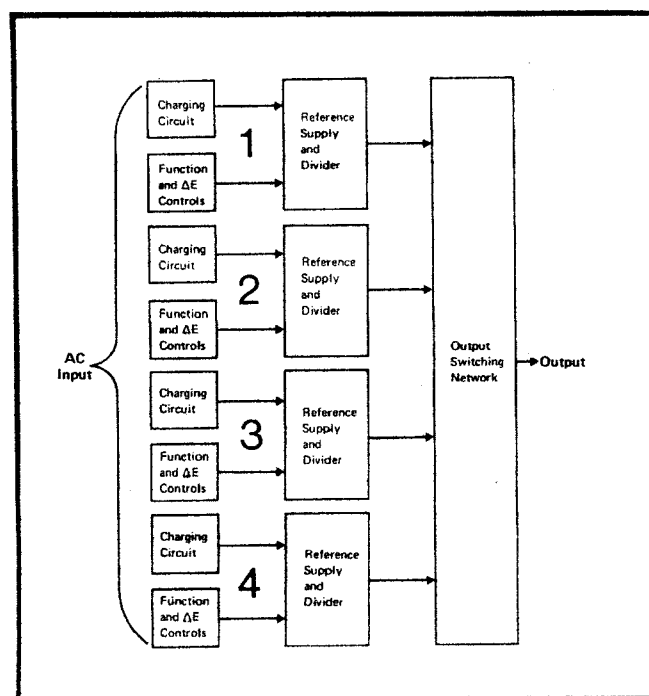


Figure 3-1. MODEL 730A BLOCK DIAGRAM

of charging current regardless of battery condition. Battery output is connected directly to series pass regulator IC1, which provides preregulated voltage to the reference supply.

3-8. The meter circuit, consisting of meter M1, diode CR5, and resistor R5 is connected across the battery in supply No. 2 only. It is calibrated to indicate the state of charge of the battery during battery operation. During line operation the meter pointer deflects to the right to indicate that the batteries are charging.

### 3-9. Reference Supply

3-10. Reference amplifier Q4 functions as the primary reference element for the supply. Q4 is a silicon NPN transistor connected in series with a zener diode. Both devices are mounted on a common substrate and enclosed in a single envelope, thereby achieving extremely close thermal coupling. The reference voltage,  $V_{REF}$ , (see Figure 3-2) is the sum of the zener voltage,  $V_Z$  and the transistor base-to-emitter voltage,  $V_{be}$ . Temperature variations affecting  $V_Z$  are compensated for by corresponding changes in  $V_{be}$ . The result is a precision, temperature-compensated dc source.

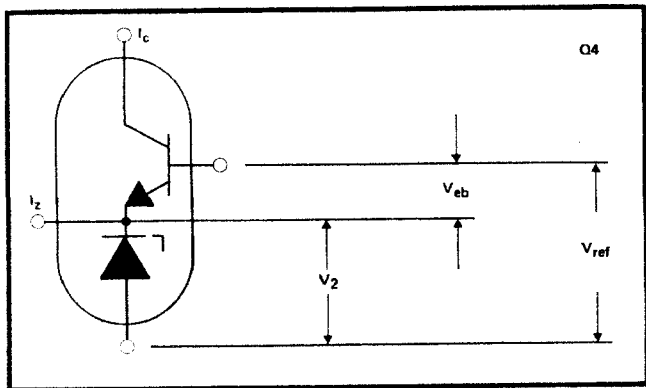


Figure 3-2. REFERENCE AMPLIFIER

3-11. Supply output voltage variations are sensed at the base of Q4, amplified, and applied to a differential pair, Q3. The amplified output of Q3 is applied to the input of a Darlington pair, Q1 and Q2, which varies the conduction of Q2 to maintain a constant output voltage. Potentiometer R13 is the primary calibration adjustment and is set

to provide exactly 10 volts at the reference supply output. Subsequent division and control of the output is provided by the divider circuitry.

### 3-12. Divider

3-13. The reference supply output is selected by means of function switch S1 and associated components, which make up a resistive divider network at the reference supply output. In 10 volt mode, the basic reference supply output is connected directly to the output switching network. The 1 volt, 1.018 volt, 1.019 volt, and 0 to 999 microvolt outputs are derived from the 10 volt output. The 1 volt output is adjusted by R25 and the 1.018 volt and 1.019 volt outputs are separately adjusted by calibration controls R17 and R18, respectively. The 1.018 and 1.019 volt outputs may be increased by a maximum of 999 microvolts by the front panel  $\Delta E$  control in 1 microvolt steps. The  $\Delta E$  control together with associated resistors provide also a separate output of 0 to 999 microvolts.

### 3-14. Switching Network

3-15. The switching network is composed of nine front panel pushbutton switches, S3 through S11. These switches enable the user to intercompare the four reference supply outputs and connect them in series or parallel to provide a variety of output voltages. Switches S3 through S5 permit comparison of the reference supply outputs. Switch S6 connects all four supply outputs in parallel to provide an output equal to the arithmetic mean of the supplies. Switches S7 through S10 enable selection of each of the individual supply outputs separately. Switch S11 places all four supply outputs in series.

## Section 4

# Maintenance

### 4-1. INTRODUCTION

4-2. This section contains information and instructions concerning preventive and corrective maintenance for the Model 730A DC Transfer Standard. Preventive maintenance consists primarily of cleaning the instrument and should be performed as often as operating conditions require. Corrective maintenance consists of performance testing, troubleshooting, and calibration procedures, which are designed to aid in maintaining instrument operation within specifications. A calibration interval of 90 days is recommended to ensure instrument operation within the specifications stated in Section I of the manual.

### 4-3. SERVICE INFORMATION

4-4. Each instrument manufactured by the John Fluke Manufacturing Company is warranted for a period of one year upon delivery to the original purchaser. Complete warranty information is contained in the Warranty page located at the front of the manual. Factory authorized calibration and repair service for all Fluke instruments is available at various world wide locations. A complete list of factory authorized service centers is located at the rear of the manual. If requested, an estimate will be provided to the customer before any repair work is begun on instruments which are beyond the warranty period.

### 4-5. TEST EQUIPMENT

4-6. The equipment recommended for maintenance of the 730A is listed in Table 4-1. If the recommended

Table 4-1. TEST EQUIPMENT.

EQUIPMENT TYPE	RECOMMENDED EQUIPMENT	FUNCTION
Null Detector	Fluke Model 845AB	Performance Testing and Calibration
DC Differential Voltmeter	Fluke Model 895A	Performance Testing and Calibration
True RMS Differential Voltmeter	Fluke Model 931B	Performance Testing.
DC Voltage Source	Fluke Model 341A DVM Calibrator	Performance Testing and Calibration
Standard Cell	Guidline Instruments Model 9152/P4	Performance Testing and Calibration
X1000 Amplifier	-----	Performance Testing.
Resistor (Fig. 4-4)	1000Ω	Performance Testing.
Voltage Divider	Fluke Model 720A Kelvin-Varley Voltage Divider	Calibration
Low-Thermal Switch	Leeds & Northrup Type 3702 Tapping Key	Calibration

equipment is not available, other equivalent equipment may be used.

**4-7. GENERAL MAINTENANCE**

**4-8. Access/Disassembly**

4-9. The following procedure should be used to gain access to various portions of the instrument (see Figure 4-1).

a. Remove the top and bottom dust covers and guard covers.

- b. The plug-in Reference Supply boards may be removed by lifting them carefully out of their board-mounted connectors.
- c. The balance of the components will be accessible after removing the Reference Supply boards.
- d. Batteries are replaced by removing the battery straps, unsoldering the battery leads from the main pcb, and lifting the batteries out of their compartment.

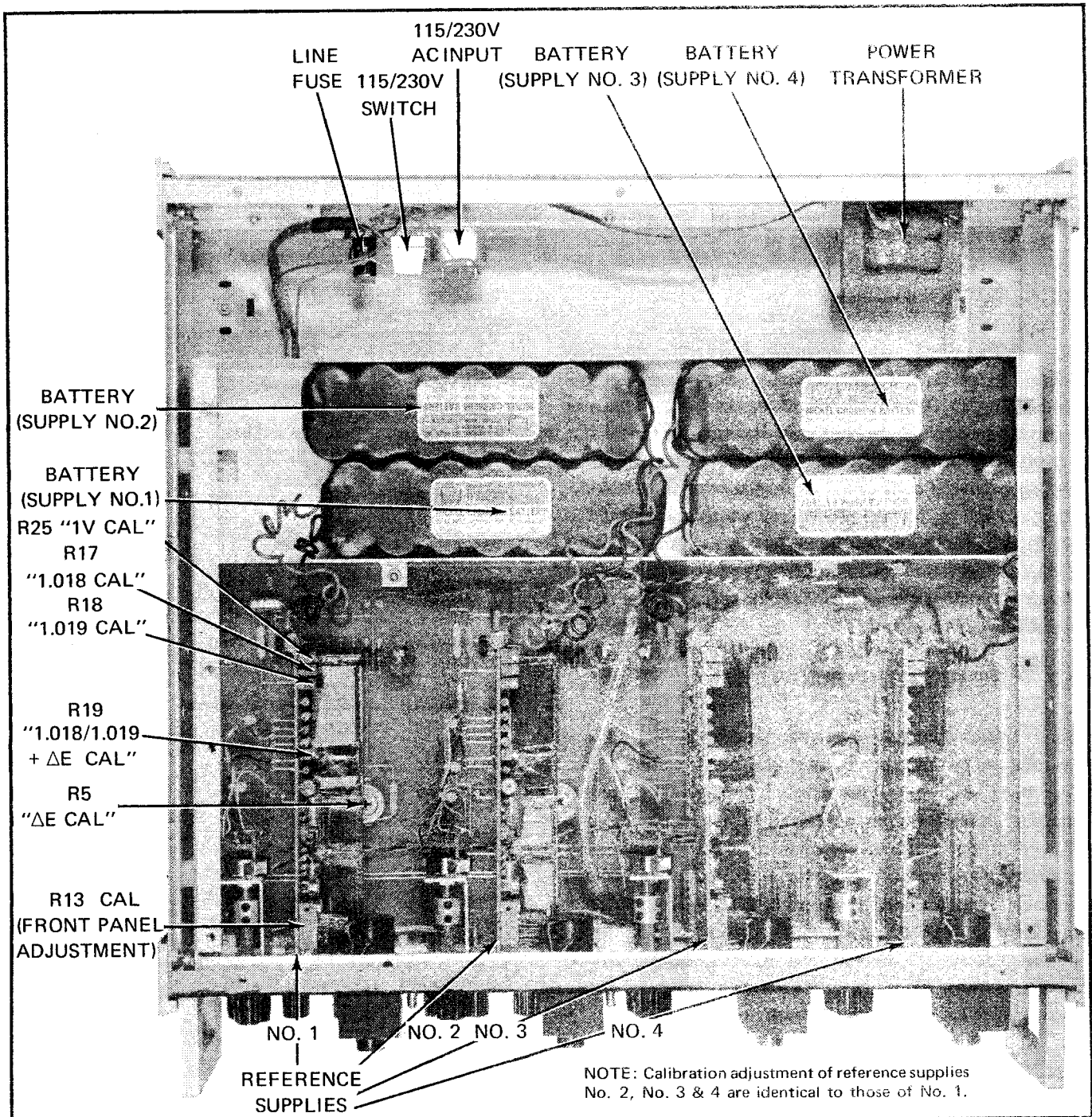


Figure 4-1. 730A INTERNAL LAYOUT

#### 4-10. Fuse Replacement

4-11. The line fuse is mounted in a fuse holder which is accessible at the rear of the instrument. The fuse is rated as follows:

115 Volt Operation – ½ Ampere

230 Volt Operation – ¼ Ampere

#### 4-12. 115/230 Volt Conversion

4-13. The 730A may be operated from either 115 or 230 volt ac power, depending upon the connection of the power transformer primary winding. Convert the 730A from one type of power line operation to the other by the following procedure:

- Disconnect the 730A from the power line.
- Place the 115/230 slide switch, located at the rear of the instrument, in the position which corresponds to the desired operating voltage.
- Ensure that the proper line fuse for the selected voltage is installed (paragraph 4-10) before operating the instrument.

#### 4-14. Cleaning

4-15. The instrument should be cleaned periodically to remove dust, grease, and other contamination. The following procedure should be adhered to when cleaning the instrument:

- Remove loose contamination with low-pressure, clean, dry air. Pay particular attention to the front panel binding posts and binding post wiring.
- The front panel and exterior surfaces may be cleaned using anhydrous ethyl alcohol or a soft cloth dampened in a mild solution of detergent and water.

#### CAUTION!

**Do not use aromatic hydrocarbons or chlorinated solvents on the front panel, because they will react with the Lexan binding posts.**

- Printed circuit boards can be cleaned by first spraying with Freon TF Degreaser (MS180 Miller Stephenson Chemical Co., Inc.) followed by application of low pressure, clean, dry air.

#### 4-16. PERFORMANCE TESTS

4-17. The following tests are intended for use in performance testing of the 730A. The tests are especially suited to acceptance testing of new instruments. Tests should be conducted under the following conditions: ambient temperature  $25^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$ , relative humidity less than 70%.

#### 4-18. Line Regulation

- Connect equipment as shown in Figure 4-2.
- Set line voltage to 115 volts and allow instrument to warm up for approximately 30 minutes.
- Zero the 845AB on the 1 microvolt range then set it to the 10 microvolt range.
- With the switch open, adjust 730A reference supply output No. 1 to equal the Standard Cell Voltage.
- close the switch and adjust the 730A output for null on the 845AB.
- Vary the autotransformer from 115 to 105 volts ac and from 115 to 125 volts ac. The 845AB indication should not change more than  $\pm 1$  microvolt.
- Repeat steps (d) through (f) for reference supplies 2, 3 and 4.

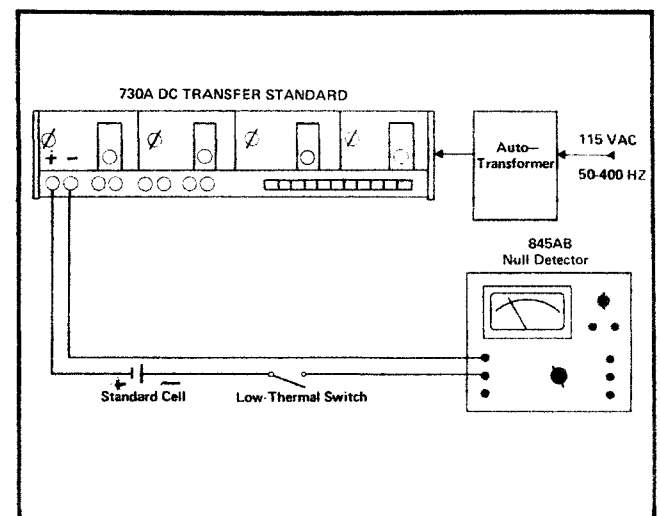


Figure 4-2. EQUIPMENT CONNECTIONS FOR LINE REGULATION, DC TO 1 Hz OUTPUT NOISE, TRANSFER ACCURACY, AND TURN OFF – TURN ON TESTS.

**4-19. Output Noise, DC to 1 Hz**

- Connect equipment as shown in Figure 4-2.
- Zero the 845AB on the 1 microvolt range, then set it to the 10 microvolt range.
- Adjust 730A reference supply No. 1 output for null on the 845AB.
- Observe the random voltage excursions indicated on the 845AB over a 10 second period. The excursions should be less than 1 microvolt peak to peak.
- Repeat steps (c) and (d) for reference supplies 2, 3 and 4.

**4-20. Output Noise, 1 Hz to 1 MHz**

- Connect equipment as shown in Figure 4-3.
- Set the 931B range to 100 millivolts, mode switch to TVM X1, and readout dials to zero.
- Set 730A reference supply No. 1 output to 1.018000. The 931B should indicate less than 100 millivolts rms, which represents 100 microvolts rms output from the 730A.
- Repeat step (c) for reference supplies 2, 3 and 4.

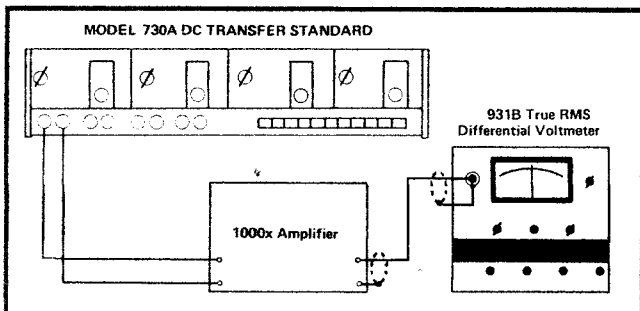


Figure 4-3. EQUIPMENT CONNECTIONS FOR 1 Hz TO 1 MHz OUTPUT NOISE TEST.

**4-21. Common-Mode Rejection**

- Connect equipment as shown in Figure 4-4.
- Set the 341A for zero volts output.
- Set 730A reference supply No. 1 output to 1.018000 volts.

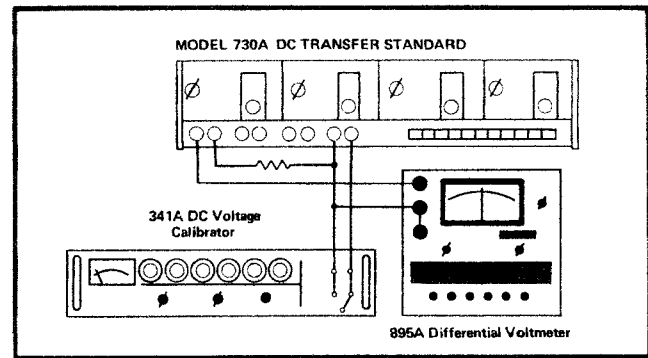


Figure 4-4. EQUIPMENT CONNECTIONS FOR COMMON-MODE REJECTION TEST.

- Set the 895A range to 1 volt, null sensitivity to 100 microvolts, and readout dials for null indication.
- Set the 341A output to 100 volts. The 895A meter indication should be zero  $\pm$ 100 microvolts.
- Repeat steps (b) through (e) for reference supplies 2, 3 and 4.

**4-22. Isolation**

- Set the 730A for output from reference supply No. 1 then turn the 730A off.
- Connect the negative output terminal of the 341A to the guard terminal of the 730A. *and the positive output terminal of the 341A to case (ground) of the 730A.*
- Set the 341A output to 500 volts. The 341A meter should indicate no discernable current flow.
- Repeat steps (b) and (c) for the negative output terminal of the 730A.
- Repeat steps (b) and (c) for the positive output terminal of the 730A.
- Repeat steps (a) through (e) for reference supplies 2, 3 and 4.

**4-23. Transfer Accuracy**

- Connect equipment as shown in Figure 4-2.
- Zero the 845B on the 1 microvolt range, then set it to the 10 microvolt range.
- With the switch open, adjust 730A reference supply output No. 1 to equal the Standard Cell Voltage.

- d. Close the switch and adjust the 730A output for null on the 845AB.
- e. Repeat steps (b) through (d) for reference supplies 2, 3 and 4.
- f. Lock the  $\Delta E$  control son the 730A.
- g. Open the switch, remove all test leads from the setup, and allow the 730A to operate for 20 minutes.
- h. Reconnect the equipment and check each reference supply for null against the Standard Cell. The 845AB should indicate less than  $\pm 2$  microvolts deviation from null (zero) in each case.
- c. With the switch open, adjust 730A reference supply output No. 1 to equal the Standard Cell Voltage.
- d. Close the switch and adjust the 730A output for null on the 845AB.
- e. Repeat steps (c) and (d) for reference supplies 2, 3 and 4.
- f. Turn off the 730A and allow it to remain in-operative for a 24-hour period.
- g. Turn on the 730A and allow 4 hours for warmup. Check each reference supply for null against the Standard Cell. The 845AB should indicate less than +3 microvolts deviation from null in each case.

**4-24. Turn Off – Turn On.**

- a. Connect equipment as shown in Figure 4-2.
- b. Zero the 845AB on the 1 microvolt range then set it to the 10 microvolt range.

**4-25. TROUBLESHOOTING**

4-26. Because the 730A is composed of four identical supplies, substitiuon is a convenient and practical method of trouble isolation. If a supply is not functioning properly first try substituting a Reference Supply board that is known to be good. If the trouble persists, the fault is not in the Reference Supply, which leaves only the

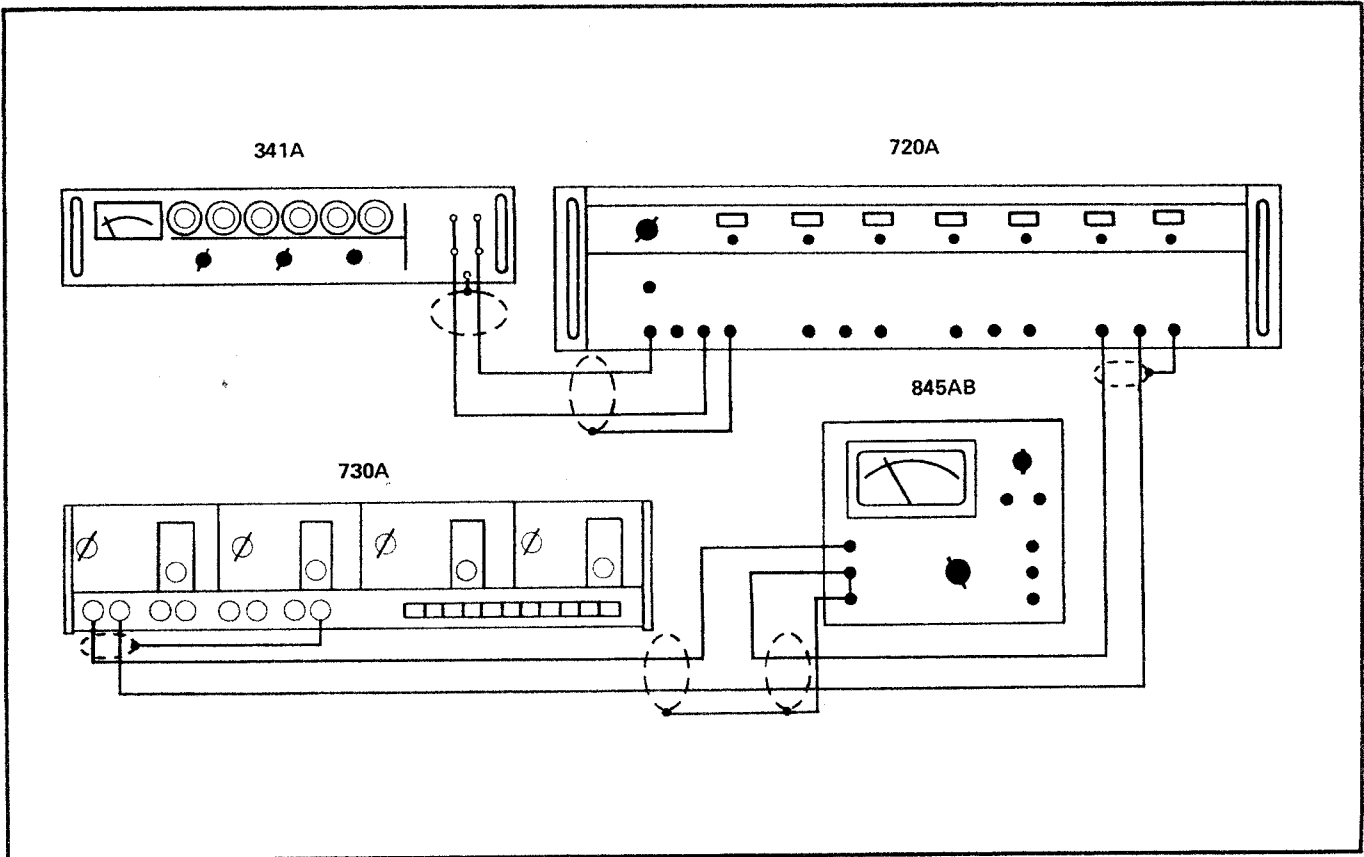


Figure 4-5. DIVIDER ADJUSTMENT - EQUIPMENT CONNECTIONS.

Charging Circuit or ac input circuitry. At this point, it might be practical to check the suspect circuit voltages by comparison with those of another Charging Circuit that is known to be good.

**4-27. CALIBRATION**

4-28. The calibration procedure for the 730A is given in Table 4-2. A description of the equipment required for calibration is given in Table 4-1. Calibration should be performed under the following test conditions: ambient temperature  $25^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$ , relative humidity less than 70%. Adjustment locations are shown in Figure 4-1.

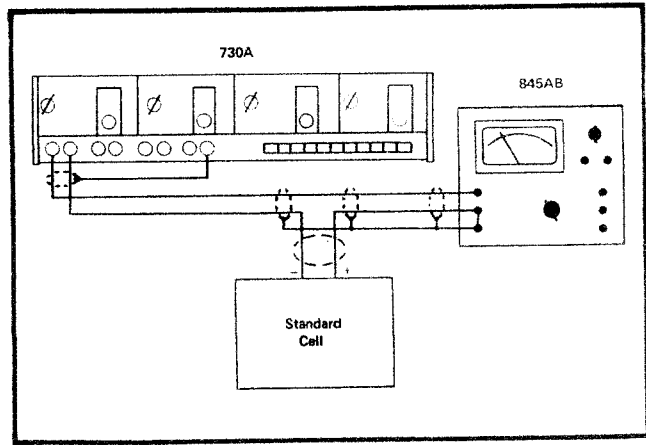


Figure 4-6. ABSOLUTE VOLTAGE ADJUSTMENT EQUIPMENT CONNECTIONS.

Table 4-2. MODEL 730A CALIBRATION.

STEP	EQUIPMENT CONNECTIONS	730A CONTROL SETTINGS			720A DIAL SETTINGS	845AB RANGE	341A OUTPUT (VDC)	CALIBRATION INSTRUCTIONS
		FUNCTION	$\Delta E$	OUTPUT (PUSH-BUTTONS)				
1	Figure 4-5	10V	Any	EXTERNAL COMP/OUTPUT 1	1.0000000	10 $\mu\text{V}$	11	Adjust 341A output for zero ( $\pm 10 \mu\text{V}$ ) on the 845AB
2		1V			.1000000	1 $\mu\text{V}$	As set in step (1).	Adjust the "1V Cal" control (R25) for zero ( $\pm 1 \mu\text{V}$ ) on the 845AB.
3		1V			1.0000000	1 $\mu\text{V}$	1.1	Adjust 341A output for zero ( $\pm 1 \mu\text{V}$ ) on the 845AB.
4		1.018 + $\Delta E$	000		1.0180000	1 $\mu\text{V}$	As set in step (3).	Adjust the "1.018 Cal" control (R17) for zero ( $\pm 1 \mu\text{V}$ ) on the 845AB.
5		1.019 + $\Delta E$			1.0190000	1 $\mu\text{V}$	As set in step (3).	Adjust the "1.019 Cal" control (R18) for zero ( $\pm 1 \mu\text{V}$ ) on the 845AB.
6		1.019 + $\Delta E$	999		1.0199999 1.0199990	1 $\mu\text{V}$	As set in step (3).	Adjust the "1.018/1.019 + $\Delta E$ Cal" control (R19) for zero ( $\pm 1 \mu\text{V}$ ) on the 845AB.
7		$\Delta E$			.0010000	1 $\mu\text{V}$	As set in step (3).	Adjust " $\Delta E$ Cal" control (R17) for zero ( $\pm 1 \mu\text{V}$ ) on the 845AB. <span style="float: right;">R-5</span>
8	Figure 4-6	Set to standard cell voltage.		-----	1 $\mu\text{V}$	---	Adjust front panel "CAL" control for zero ( $\pm 1 \mu\text{V}$ ) on the 845AB.	
9	Repeat steps (1) through (8) for supplies 2, 3, and 4.							



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## Section 5

# List of Replaceable Parts

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### 5-1. INTRODUCTION

5-2. This section of the manual is a complete illustrated parts list breakdown itemizing all assemblies and their components for this instrument. Illustrations for each listing aid in locating the assemblies and components. A Cross Reference List of Fluke stock numbers to original manufacturers' part numbers is included at the rear of this section.

5-3. Assemblies and subassemblies are identified by a reference designation beginning with the letter A followed by a number (e.g., A1 etc). Electrical components appearing on the schematic diagram are identified by their schematic diagram reference designation. Components not appearing on the schematic diagram are identified by Fluke stock numbers on the illustrations. Flagnotes are sometimes used and refer to special ordering explanations.

### 5-4. PARTS LIST COLUMN DESCRIPTIONS

- a. The REF DESIG column indexes the item description to the associated illustration. In general the reference designations are listed under each assembly in alpha-numeric order. Subassemblies of minor proportions are sometimes listed with the assembly of which they are a part. In this case, the reference designations for the components of the subassembly may appear out of order.
- b. The DESCRIPTION column describes the salient characteristics of the component. Indentation of the description indicates the relationship to other

assemblies, components, etc. In many cases it is necessary to abbreviate in this column. For abbreviations and symbols used, refer to Appendix B located at the rear of the manual.

- c. The six-digit part number, by which the item is identified at the John Fluke Mfg. Co., is listed in the STOCK NO. column. Use this number when ordering parts from the factory or authorized representatives.
- d. The TOT QTY column lists the total quantity of the items used in the instrument and reflects the latest Use Code. Second and subsequent listings of the same item are referenced to the first listing with the abbreviation REF. The TOT QTY column lists the total quantity of the item in that particular assembly.
- e. Entries in the REC QTY column indicate the recommended number of spare parts necessary to support one to five instruments for a period of two years. This list presumes an availability of common electronic parts at the maintenance site. For maintenance for one year or more at an isolated site, it is recommended that at least one of every part in the instrument be stocked. In the case of optional subassemblies, plug-ins, etc. that are not always part of the instrument, or are deviations from the basic instrument model. The REC QTY column lists the recommended quantity of the item in that particular assembly.

The USE CODE column identifies certain parts which have been added, deleted or modified during the production of the instrument. Each part for which a Use Code has been assigned may be identified with a particular instrument serial number by consulting the Serial Number Effectivity List, paragraph 5-9. Sometimes when a part is changed, the new part can and should be used as a replacement for the original part. In this event a parenthetical note is added in the DESCRIPTION column.

#### 5-5. MANUFACTURERS' CROSS REFERENCE LIST COLUMN DESCRIPTIONS

- a. The six-digit part number, by which the item is identified at the John Fluke Mfg. Co., is listed in the FLUKE STOCK NO. column. Use this number when ordering parts from the factory or authorized representatives.
- b. The Federal Supply Code for the item manufacturer is listed in the MFG column. An abbreviated list of Federal Supply Codes is included in the Appendix.
- c. The part number which uniquely identifies the item to the original manufacturer is listed in the MFG PART NO. column. If a component must be ordered by description, the type number is listed.

#### 5-6. HOW TO OBTAIN PARTS

5-7. Standard components have been used wherever possible. Standard components may be ordered directly from the manufacturer by using the manufacturer's part number, or parts may be ordered from the John Fluke Mfg. Co. factory or authorized representative by using the Fluke part number. In the event the part you order has been replaced by a new or improved part, the replacement will be accompanied by an explanatory note and installation instructions, if necessary.

5-8. You can insure prompt and efficient handling of your order to the John Fluke Mfg. Co., if you include the following information:

- a. Quantity.
- b. FLUKE Stock Number.
- c. Description.
- d. Reference Designation.
- e. Instrument model and serial number.

Example: 1 each, 203547, Diode, 1N759A,  
A3CR5 for 730A, S/N 123.

If you must order structural parts not listed in the parts list, describe the part as completely as possible. A sketch of the part, showing its location to other parts of the instrument, is usually most helpful.

**5-9. SERIAL NUMBER EFFECTIVITY**

5-10. A Use Code column is provided to identify certain parts that have been added, deleted, or modified during production of the Model 730A. Each part for which a use code has been assigned may be identified with a particular instrument serial number by consulting the Use Code Effectivity List below. All parts with no code are used on all instruments with serial numbers above 123.

<b>USE CODE</b>	<b>EFFECTIVITY</b>
NONE	Model 730A serial number 123 and on.

REF DESIG	DESCRIPTION	STOCK NO	TOT QTY	REC QTY	USE CODE
	<b>DC TRANSFER STANDARD - Figure 5-1</b>	<b>730A</b>			
A1	Front Panel Assembly (See Figure 5-2)		1		
A2	Rear Panel Assembly (See Figure 5-1)		1		
A3	Main PCB Assembly (See Figure 5-3)	297457	1		
A3A1 thru A3A4	Reference Supply Assembly (See Figure 5-4)	297465	4		
BT1	Battery pack, rechargeable, Ni-Cad, 16.8v	295634	4	1	
	Cover, bottom	297416	1		
	Cover, top	297390	1		
	Foot	292870	4		
	Line cord	226100	1		
	Power cable	297481	1	1	
	Tilt stand	231407	1		

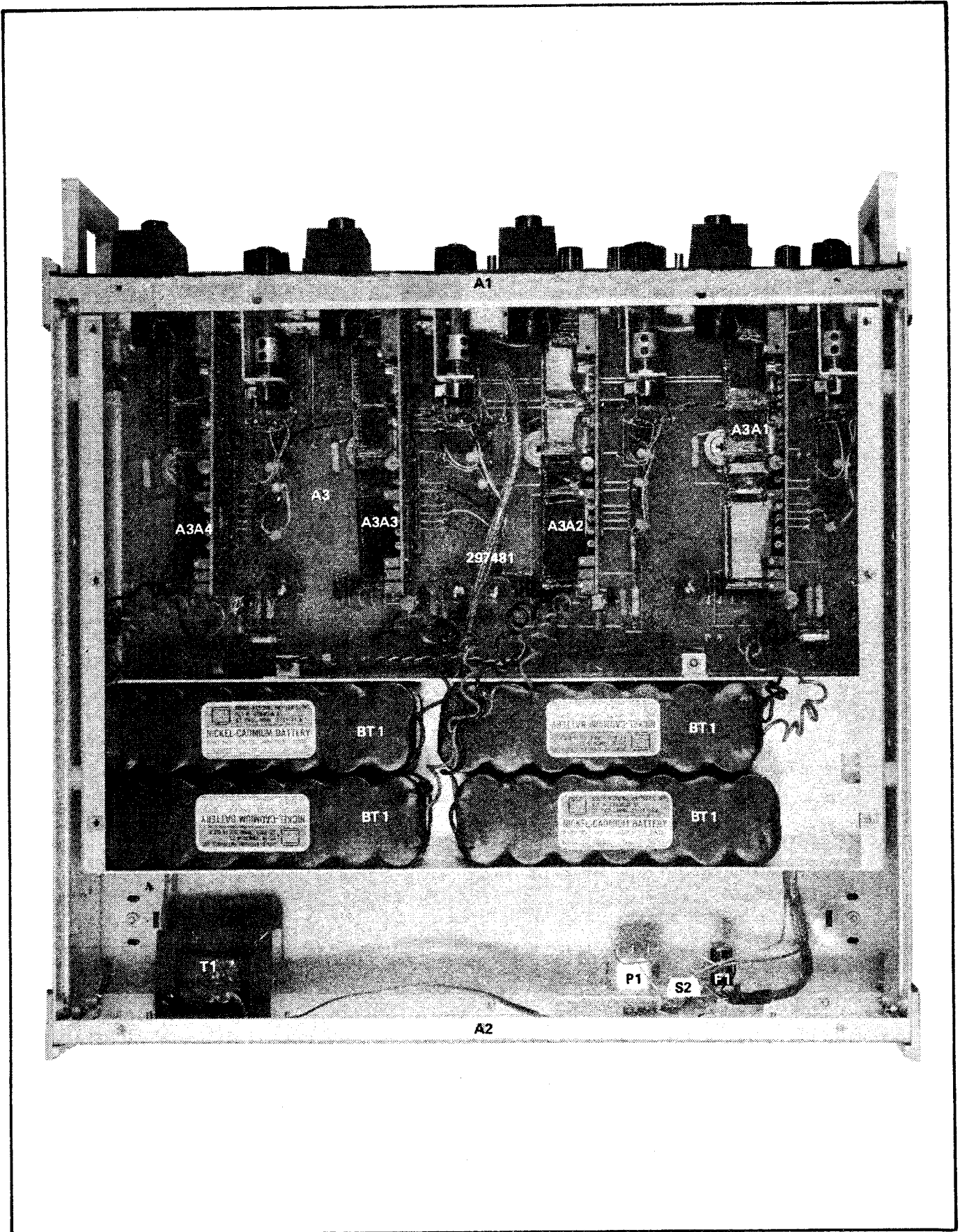


Figure 5-1. MODEL 730A DC TRANSFER STANDARD

REF DESIG	DESCRIPTION	STOCK NO	TOT QTY	REC QTY	USE CODE
A1	<b>FRONT PANEL ASSEMBLY - Figure 5-2</b>		REF		
J1, J3, J5	Binding post, red	142976	3		
J2, J4, J6	Binding post, black	142984	3		
J7	Binding post, blue	233833	1		
J8	Binding post, white	291823	1		
M1	Meter, 0-1 ma	266494	1		
R1	Res, var, ww, 5k ±5%, 100v	295626	4		
	Counting dial	295642	4	1	
	Handle	295659	2		
	Knob	158956	4		
	Push-button, green	268862	2	1	
	Push-button, gray	268896	9	2	

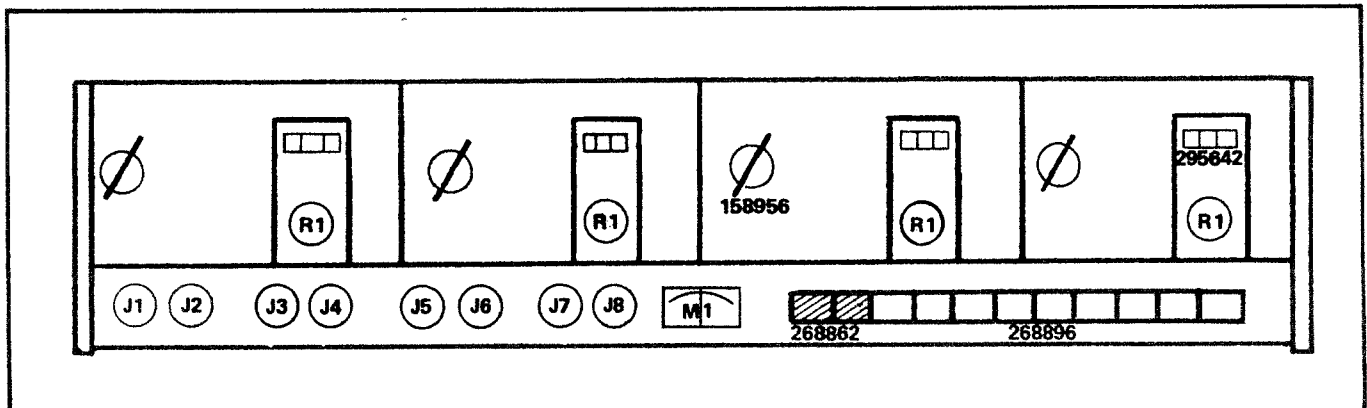


Figure 5-2. FRONT PANEL ASSEMBLY

REF DESIG	DESCRIPTION	STOCK NO	TOT QTY	REC QTY	USE CODE
A2	<b>REAR PANEL ASSEMBLY - (See Figure 5-1)</b>		REF		
F1	Fuse, fast acting, ½amp, 250v (for 115v operation)	153858	1	1	
F1	Fuse, fast acting, ½amp, 250v (for 230v operation)	109314	1		
P1	Connector, male, 3 contact	222612	1		
S2	Switch, slide	226274	1		
T1	Transformer, power	291047	1	1	
XF1	Fuse holder	100107	1		

REF DESIG	DESCRIPTION	STOCK NO	TOT QTY	REC QTY	USE CODE
A3	<b>MAIN PCB ASSEMBLY - Figure 5-3</b>	297457	REF		
A3A1 thru A3A4	Reference Supply Assembly (See Figure 5-4)	297465	REF		
C1	Cap, plstc, 0.1 uf $\pm 10\%$ , 250v	161992	4		
C2	Cap, mica, 47 pf $\pm 5\%$ , 500v	148536	4		
C3	Cap, elect, 2 uf $+100/-10\%$ , 50v	105197	4		
CR1 thru CR4	Diode, silicon, 1 amp, 100 piv	116111	16		
CR5	Diode, zener, 12v	203547	1		
DS1	Lamp, incandescent, 24v	218354	4	1	
IC1	IC, voltage regulator	291211	4		
R1	Res, comp, 510 $\Omega \pm 5\%$ , $\frac{1}{2}w$	108951	4		
R2	Res, comp, 10 $\Omega \pm 10\%$ , $\frac{1}{2}w$	108092	4		
R3	Res, met flm, 10k $\pm 1\%$ , $\frac{1}{2}w$	151274	4		
R4	Res, met flm, 1.5k $\pm 1\%$ , $\frac{1}{2}w$	192930	4		
R5	Res, var, ww, 10 $\Omega \pm 10\%$ , 1-1 $\frac{1}{4}w$	112672	4		
R6	Res, met flm, 732k $\pm 1\%$ , $\frac{1}{2}w$	261164	4		
R7	Res, met flm, 130 $\Omega \pm 1\%$ , $\frac{1}{2}w$	151134	4		
R8	Res, comp, 10k $\pm 5\%$ , $\frac{1}{4}w$	109165	1		
S1 thru S11	Switch Assembly	289421	1		
	Connector, female, 20 contact	292912	4		



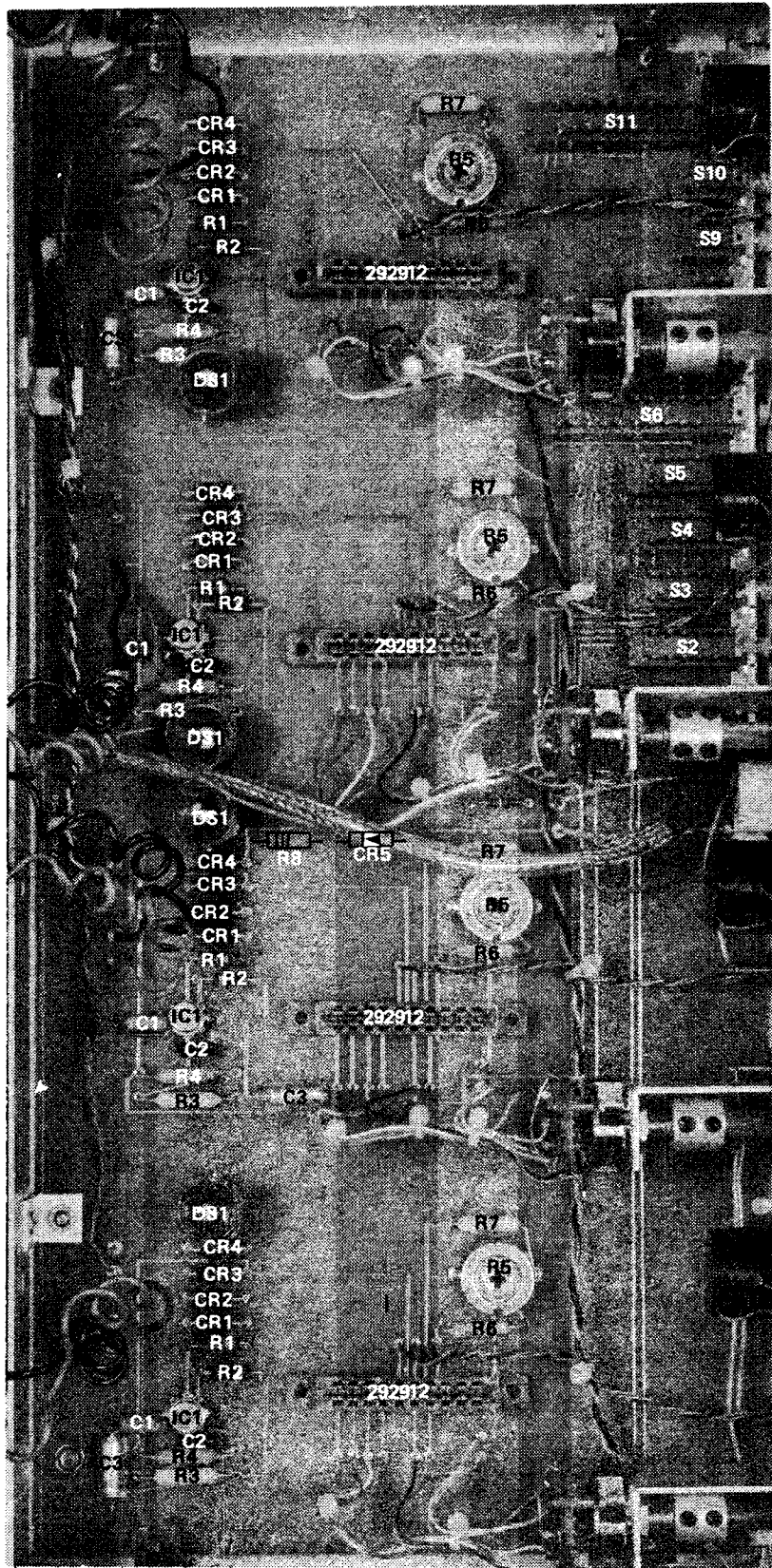




Figure 5-3. MAIN PCB ASSEMBLY

REF DESIG	DESCRIPTION	STOCK NO	TOT QTY	REC QTY	USE CODE
A3A1 thru A3A4	<b>REFERENCE SUPPLY ASSEMBLY Figure 5-4</b>	297465	REF		
C1	Cap, plstc, 0.22 uf $\pm 10\%$ , 80v	159392	1		
C2	Cap, elect, 5 uf $+75/-10\%$ , 25v	152009	1		
C3	Cap, elect, 100 uf $+75/-10\%$ , 15v	175059	1		
Q1	Tstr, silicon, NPN	168716	1		
Q2	Tstr, silicon, NPN	179374	1		
Q3	Tstr, silicon, NPN	288662	1		
Q4, R9, R11 R12, R24	Reference Amplifier Set 	297473	1		
R1, R3	Res, comp, 30k $\pm 5\%$ , $\frac{1}{2}w$	193417	2		
R2	Res, comp, 2.7 $\Omega$ $\pm 5\%$ , $\frac{1}{2}w$	246744	1		
R4	Res, met flm, 4.22k $\pm 1\%$ , 1/8w	168245	1		
R5	Res, met flm, 10k $\pm 1\%$ , 1/8w	168260	1		
R6	Res, met flm, 12.1k $\pm 1\%$ , 1/8w	234997	1		
R7	Res, met flm, 54.9k $\pm 1\%$ , 1/8w	271353	1		
R8	Res, met flm, 1.27k $\pm 1\%$ , 1/8w	234997	1		
R10	Res, ww, tapped, 12k/5.9k $\pm 0.05\%$ , 1w	292763	1	1	
R13, R25	Res, var, cermet 10 $\Omega$ $\pm 30\%$ , 3v	186205	2		
R14	Res, met flm, 412k $\pm 1\%$ , $\frac{1}{2}w$	291138	1		
R15	Res, met flm, <del>8.06k</del> $\pm 1\%$ , $\frac{1}{2}w$ 31.6k	<del>291153</del> 291146	1		
R16	Res, met flm, <del>31.6k</del> $\pm 1\%$ , $\frac{1}{2}w$ 8.06k	<del>291153</del> 291146	1		
R17 thru R19	Res, var, cermet, 10k $\pm 20\%$ , 100v	159913	3		
R20	Res, met flm, 1k $\pm 1\%$ , $\frac{1}{2}w$	151324	1		
R21	Res, ww, tapped, 856 $\Omega$ / 8.995k $\pm 0.05\%$ , 1w	292771	1	1	
R22	Res, ww, 146 $\Omega$ $\pm 5\%$ , $\frac{1}{2}w$	213728	1		
R23	Res, met flm, 732k $\pm 1\%$ , $\frac{1}{2}w$	261164	1		
	Q4, R9, R11, R12 and R24 are a factory selected and matched set. For replacement order the entire Reference Amplifier Set, part number 297473.				

MANUFACTURERS' CROSS REFERENCE LIST					
FLUKE STOCK NO.	MFR.	MFR. PART NO.	FLUKE STOCK NO.	MFR.	MFR. PART NO.
100107	71400	HKP	222612	82389	AC3G
105197	56289	30D205G050BA4	226100	70903	17258
108092	01121	EB1001	226274	82389	46256-LF
108951	01121	EB5115	231407	89536	231407
109165	01121	EB1035	233833	58474	DF31BLC
109314	71400	Type AGC	234997	91637	Type MFF 1/8
112672	71450	Type 110	246744	01121	CB27G5
116111	05277	1N4817	261164	91637	Type MFF ½
142976	58474	DF31RC	266494	89536	266494
142984	58474	DF31BC	268862	71590	J61993
148536	14655	CD15E470J	268896	71590	J52304
151134	91637	Type MFF ½	271353	91637	Type MFF 1/8
151274	91637	Type MFF ½	288662	15818	SA2920
151324	91637	Type MFF ½	289421	89536	289421
152009	56289	30D505G025BA4	291047	89536	291047
153858	71400	Type AGC	291138	91637	Type MFF ½
158956	89536	158956	291146	91637	Type MFF ½
159392	56289	192P2249R8	291153	91637	Type MFF ½
159913	73138	78PR10K	291211	12040	LM305
161992	73445	C280AEA100K	292763	89536	292763
168245	91637	Type MFF 1/8	292870	89536	292870
168260	91637	Type MFF 1/8	292912	02660	225-21024-110
168716	07263	S19254	295626	80294	3509S-1-502
175059	56289	30D107G015DC4	295626	80294	3509S-1-502
179374	07263	2N2218	295634	06860	Type 1.2 SCL
186205	73138	78PR10	295642	02660	Type 1380
192930	91637	Type MFF ½	295659	89536	295659
193417	01121	CB3035	297390	89536	297390
203547	07910	1N759A	297416	89536	297416
213728	89536	213728	297457	89536	297457
218354	08806	1252	297465	89536	297465

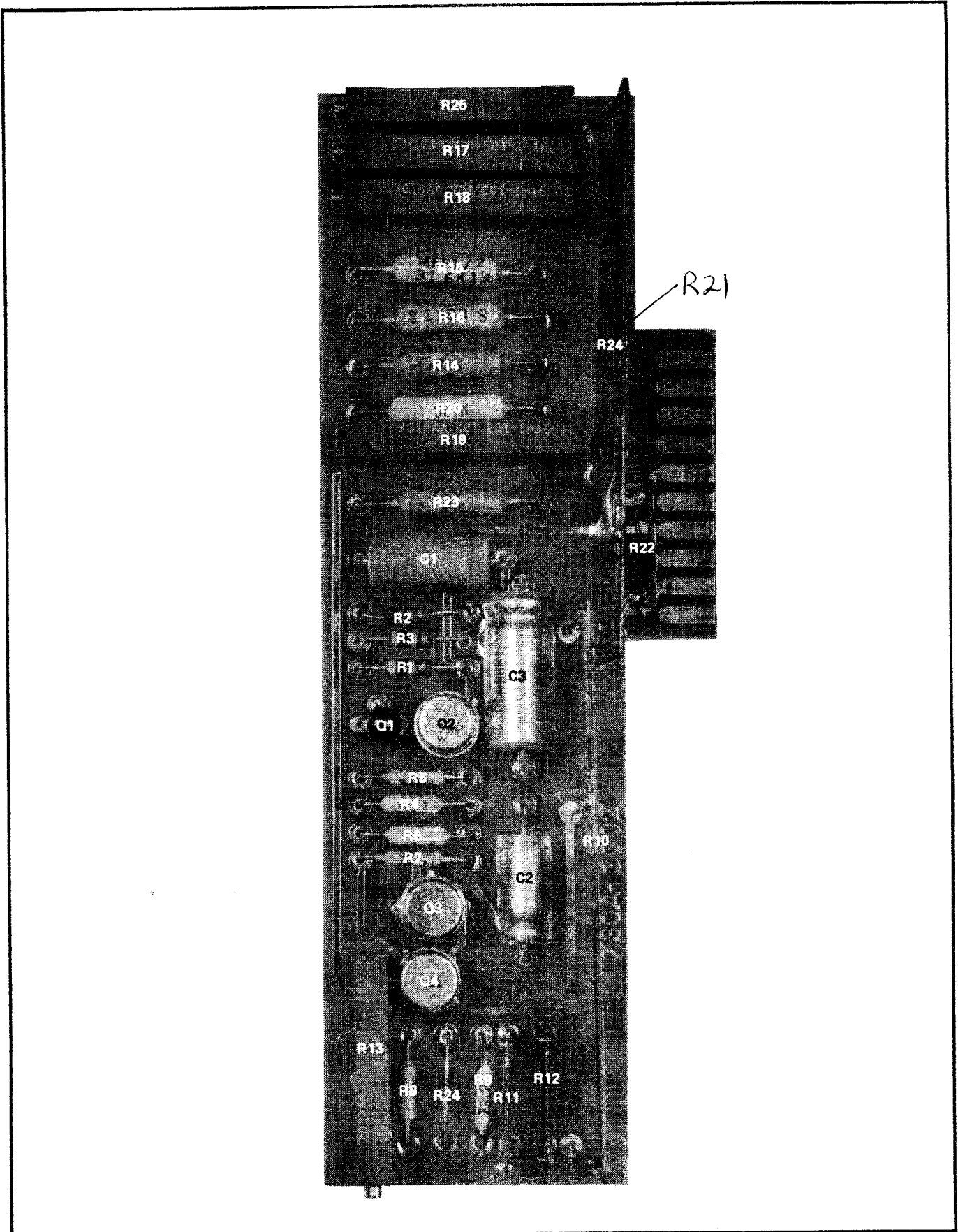


Figure 5-4. REFERENCE SUPPLY ASSEMBLY

MANUFACTURERS' CROSS REFERENCE LIST					
FLUKE STOCK NO.	MFR.	MFR. PART NO.	FLUKE STOCK NO.	MFR.	MFR. PART NO.
297473	89536	297473	297481	89536	297481
291823	58474	DF31WTC			
292771	89536	292771			



## Appendix A

# Federal Supply Code for Manufacturers

### A-1. CODE TO NAME

A-2. The following five-digit code numbers are listed in numerical sequence along with the manufacturer's

name and address to which the code has been assigned. The Federal Supply Code has been taken from Cataloging Handbook H 4-2, Code to Name.

00213	Sage Electronics Corp. Rochester, New York	04009	Arrow Hart and Hegemen Electronic Company Hartford, Connecticut	06739	Electron Corp. Littleton, Colorado	11358	CBS Electronics Div. of CBS Inc. Newburyport, Massachusetts
00327	Weiwyn International, Inc. Westlake, Ohio	04062	Replaced by 72136	06743	Clevite Corp. Cleveland, Ohio	11403	Best Products Co. Chicago, Illinois
00656	Aerovox Corp. New Bedford, Massachusetts	04202	Replaced by 81312	06751	Semcor Div. Components Phoenix, Arizona	11503	Keystone Mfg. Div. of Avis Industrial Corp. Warren, Michigan
00779	AMP Inc. Harrisburg, Pennsylvania	04217	Essex Wire Corp. Wire & Cable Div. Anaheim, California	06860	Gould National Batteries Inc. City of Industry, California	12014	Chicago Rivet & Machine Co. Bellwood, Illinois
01121	Allen-Bradley Co. Milwaukee, Wisconsin	04221	Aemco Div. of Midtex Inc. Mankato, Minnesota	06960	Eitel-McCullough, Inc. San Carlos, California	12040	National Semiconductor Corp. Danbury, Connecticut
01281	TRW Semiconductors Lawndale, California	04645	Replaced by 75376	07115	Replaced by 14674	12060	Diodes, Inc. Chatsworth, California
01295	Texas Instruments, Inc. Semiconductor Components Div. Dallas, Texas	04713	Motorola Semiconductor Products Inc. Phoenix, Arizona	07138	Westinghouse Electric Corp. Electronic Tube Div. Elmira, New York	12136	Philadelphia Handle Co. Camden, New Jersey
01686	RCL Electronics Inc. Manchester, New Hampshire	05082	Replaced by 94154	07263	Fairchild Semiconductor Div. of Fairchild Camera & Instrument Corp. Mountain View, California	12323	Presin Co., Inc. Shelton, Connecticut
01730	Deleted	05236	Jonathan Mfg. Co. Fullerton, California	07344	Bircher Co., Inc. Rochester, New York	12327	Freeway Washer & Stamping Co. Cleveland, Ohio
01884	Dearborn Electronics Inc. Orlando, Florida	05277	Westinghouse Electric Corp. Semiconductor Dept. Youngwood, Pennsylvania	07792	Lerma Engineering Corp. Northampton, Massachusetts	12400	Replaced by 75042
02114	Ferroxcube Corp. Saugerties, New York	05278	Replaced by 43543	07910	Continental Device Corp. Hawthorne, California	12617	Hamlin Inc. Lake Mills, Wisconsin
02606	Replaced by 15801	05397	Union Carbide Corp. Electronics Div. Cleveland, Ohio	08530	Reliance Mica Corp. Brooklyn, New York	12697	Clarostat Mfg. Co. Dover, New Hampshire
02660	Amphenol-Borg Elect. Corp. Broadview, Illinois	05571	Sprague Electric Co Pacific Div. Los Angeles, California	08792	CBS Electronics Semiconductor Operations-Div. of CBS Inc. Lowell, Massachusetts	12749	James Electronics Chicago, Illinois
02799	Arco Capacitors, Inc. Los Angeles, California	05704	Alac, Inc. Glendale, California	08806	General Electric Co. Miniature Lamp Dept. Cleveland, Ohio	12856	Micrometals Sierra Madre, California
03614	Replaced by 71400	05820	Wakefield Engineering Ind. Wakefield, Massachusetts	08863	Nylomatic Corp. Norrisville, Pennsylvania	12954	Dickson Electronics Corp. Scottsdale, Arizona
03651	Replaced by 44655	06001	General Electric Company Capacitor Department Irmo, South Carolina	08988	Skottie Electronics Inc. Archbald, Pennsylvania	13606	Sprague Electric Co. Transistor Div. Concord, New Hampshire
03797	Eidema Corp. Compton, California	06136	Replaced by 63743	09922	Burndy Corp. Norwalk, Connecticut	13839	Replaced by 23732
03877	Transitron Electronic Corp. Wakefield, Massachusetts	06473	Amphenol Space & Missile Sys. Chatsworth, California	11237	Chicago Telephone of Calif. Inc. South Pasadena, California	14099	Semtech Corp. Newbury Park, California
03888	Pyrofilm Resistor Co., Inc. Cedar Knolls, New Jersey	06555	Beede Electrical Instrument Co. Penacook, New Hampshire			14193	California Resistor Corp. Santa Monica, California
03911	Clairex Corp. New York, New York					14298	American Components, Inc. Conshohocken, Pennsylvania
03980	Muirhead Instruments, Inc. Mountainside, New Jersey						

14655	Cornell-Dubilier Electronics Newark, New Jersey	38315	Honeywell Inc. Precision Meter Div. Manchester, New Hampshire	72665	Replaced by 90303	80145	API Instruments Co. Chesterland, Ohio
14674	Corning Glass Works Corning, New York	42498	National Company Melrose, Massachusetts	72794	Dzus Fastener Co., Inc. West Islip, New York	80183	Sprague Products North Adams, Massachusetts
14752	Electro Cube Inc. San Gabriel, California	43543	Nytronics Inc. Transformer Co. Div. Alpha, New Jersey	72928	Gudeman Co. Chicago, Illinois	80294	Bourns Inc. Riverside, California
14669	Replaced by 96853	44655	Ohmite Mfg. Co. Skokie, Illinois	72982	Erie Tech. Products Inc. Erie, Pennsylvania	80583	Hammarlund Co., Inc. Mars Hill, North Carolina
15636	Elec-Trol Inc. Northridge, California	49671	Radio Corp. of America New York, New York	73138	Beckman Instruments Inc. Relipot Division Fullerton, California	80640	Stevens, Arnold Inc. Boston, Massachusetts
15801	Fenwal Electronics Inc. Framingham, Massachusetts	49956	Raytheon Company Lexington, Maine	73293	Hughes Aircraft Co. Electron Dynamics Div. Newport Beach, California	81073	Grayhill Inc. La Grange, Illinois
15818	Amelco Semiconductor Div. of Teledyne Inc. Mountain View, California	53021	Sangamo Electric Co. Springfield, Illinois	73445	Amperex Electronic Corp. Hicksville, New York	81312	Winchester Electronics Div. of Litton Industries Oakville, Connecticut
15849	Useco, Inc. Mt. Vernon, New York	55026	Simpson Electric Company Chicago, Illinois	73559	Carling Electric Inc. Hartford, Connecticut	81439	Therm-O-Disc Inc. Mansfield, Ohio
15909	Replaced by 17870	56289	Sprague Electric Co. North Adams, Massachusetts	73586	Circle F Industries Trenton, New Jersey	81483	International Rectifier Corp. El Segundo, California
16332	Replaced by 28478	58474	Superior Electric Co. Bristol, Connecticut	73734	Federal Screw Products, Inc. Chicago, Illinois	81590	Korrry Mfg. Co. Seattle, Washington
16473	Cambridge Scientific Ind. Inc. Cambridge, Maryland	60399	Torrington Mfg. Co. Torrington, Connecticut	73743	Fischer Special Mfg. Co. Cincinnati, Ohio	82376	Deleted
16742	Paramount Plastics Downey, California	62460	Deleted	73899	JFD Electronics Co. Brooklyn, New York	82389	Switchcraft Inc. Chicago, Illinois
16758	Delco Radio Div. of General Motors Kokomo, Indiana	63743	Ward Leonard Electric Co. Mount Vernon, New York	73949	Guardian Electric Mfg. Co. Chicago, Illinois	82415	Price Electric Corp. Frederick, Maryland
17069	Circuit Structures Lab. Upland, California	64834	West Mfg. Co. San Francisco, California	74199	Quam Nichols Co. Chicago, Illinois	82872	Roanwell Corp. New York, New York
17856	Siliconix, Inc. Sunnyvale, California	65092	Weston Instruments Inc. Newark, New Jersey	74217	Radio Switch Corp. Marlboro, New Jersey	82877	Rotron Mfg. Co., Inc. Woodstock, New York
17870	Daven-Div. of Thomas A. Edison Ind. -- McGraw-Edison Co. Manchester, New Hampshire	66150	Winslow Tele-Tronics Inc. Asbury Park, New Jersey	74276	Signalite Inc. Neptune, New Jersey	82879	ITT Wire & Cable Div. Pawtucket, Rhode Island
18083	Deleted	70563	Amperite Company Union City, New Jersey	74306	Piezo Crystal Co. Carlisle, Pennsylvania	83003	Varo Inc. Garland, Texas
18178	Vactec Inc. Maryland Heights, Missouri	70903	Belden Mfg. Co. Chicago, Illinois	74542	Hoyt Elect. Instr. Works Penacook, New Hampshire	83298	Bendix Corp. Electric Power Division Eatontown, New Jersey
18736	Voltronics Corp. Hanover, New Jersey	71002	Birnbach Radio Co., Inc. New York, New York	74970	Johnson, E. F., Co. Waseca, Minnesota	83330	Smith, Herman H., Inc. Brooklyn, New York
19429	Montronics, Inc. Seattle, Washington	71400	Bussmann Mfg. Div. of McGraw-Edison Co. St. Louis, Missouri	75042	IRC Inc. Philadelphia, Pennsylvania	83478	Rubbercraft Corp. of America New Haven, Connecticut
19451	Perine Machinery & Supply Co. Seattle, Washington	71450	CTS Corp. Elkhart, Indiana	75376	Kurz-Kasch, Inc. Dayton, Ohio	83594	Burroughs Corp. Electronic Components Div. Plainfield, New Jersey
19701	Electra Mfg. Co. Independence, Kansas	71468	ITT Cannon Electric Inc. Los Angeles, California	75382	Kulka Electric Corp. Mt. Vernon, New York	83740	Union Carbide Corp. Consumer Products Div. New York, New York
20584	Enochs Mfg. Co. Indianapolis, Indiana	71482	Clare, C. P. & Co. Chicago, Illinois	75915	Littlefuse Inc. Des Plaines, Illinois	84171	Arco Electronics, Inc. Great Neck, New York
22767	ITT Semiconductors Div. of ITT Palo Alto, California	71590	Centralab Div. of Globe Union Inc. Milwaukee, Wisconsin	76854	Oak Mfg. Co. Crystal Lake, Illinois	84411	TRW Ogallala, Nebraska
23732	Tracor Rockville, Maryland	71707	Coto Coil Co., Inc. Providence, Rhode Island	77342	Potter & Brumfield Div. of Amer. Machine & Foundry Princeton, Indiana	86577	Precision Metal Products Stoneham, Massachusetts
24248	Southco Div. of South Chester Corp. Lester, Pennsylvania	71744	Chicago Miniature Lamp Works Chicago, Illinois	77969	Rubbercraft Corp. of Calif. LTD. Torrance, California	86684	Radio Corp. of America Electronic Components & Devices Harrison, New Jersey
24655	General Radio Co. West Concord, Massachusetts	71785	Cinch Mfg. Co. & Howard B. Jones Div. Chicago, Illinois	78189	Shakeproof Div. of Illinois Tool Works Elgin, Illinois	86689	Deleted
25403	Amperex Electronic Corp Semiconductor & Receiving Tube Division Slatersville, Rhode Island	72005	Driver, Wilber B., Co. Newark, New Jersey	78277	Sigma Instruments, Inc. South Braintree, Massachusetts	87034	Marco-Oak Inc. Anaheim, California
28476	Deltrol Controls Corp. Milwaukee, Wisconsin	72092	Replaced by 06980	78488	Stackpole Carbon Co. St. Marys, Pennsylvania	88419	Use 14655
28520	Heyman Mfg. Co. Kenilworth, New Jersey	72136	Electro Motive Mfg. Co. Willimantic, Connecticut	78553	Tinnerman Products Cleveland, Ohio	88690	Replaced by 04217
30323	Illinois Tool Works Inc. Chicago, Illinois	72259	Nytronics Inc. Berkeley Heights, New Jersey	79136	Waldes Kohinoor Inc. Long Island City, New York	89536	Fluke, John Mfg. Co., Inc. Seattle, Washington
33173	General Electric Co. Tube Dept. Owensboro, Kentucky	72354	Deleted	79497	Western Rubber Company Goshen, Indiana	89730	Replaced by 08806
37942	Mallory, P. R., & Co., Inc. Indianapolis, Indiana	72619	Dialight Corp Brooklyn, New York	79963	Zierick Mfg. Corp. New Rochelle, New York	90201	Mallory Capacitor Co. Indianapolis, Indiana
		72653	G. C. Electronics Rockford, Illinois	80031	Mepco Div. of Sessions Clock Co. Morristown, New Jersey	90215	Best Stamp & Mfg. Co. Kansas City, Missouri



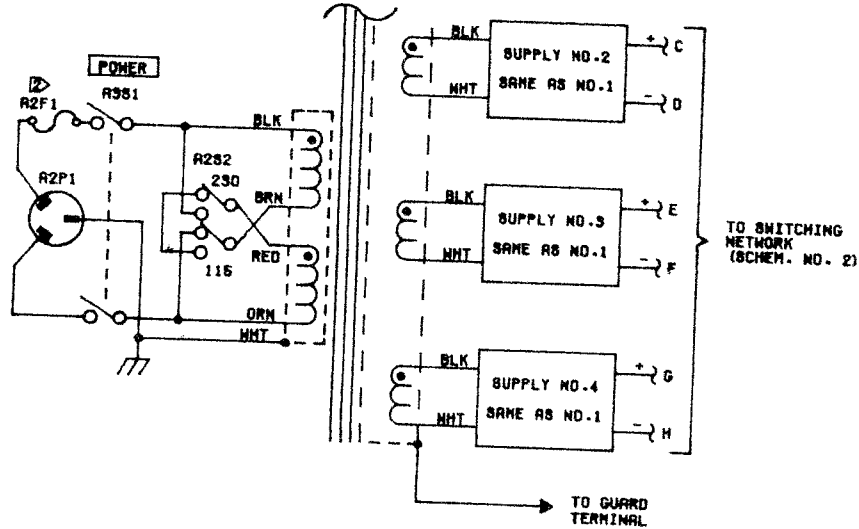
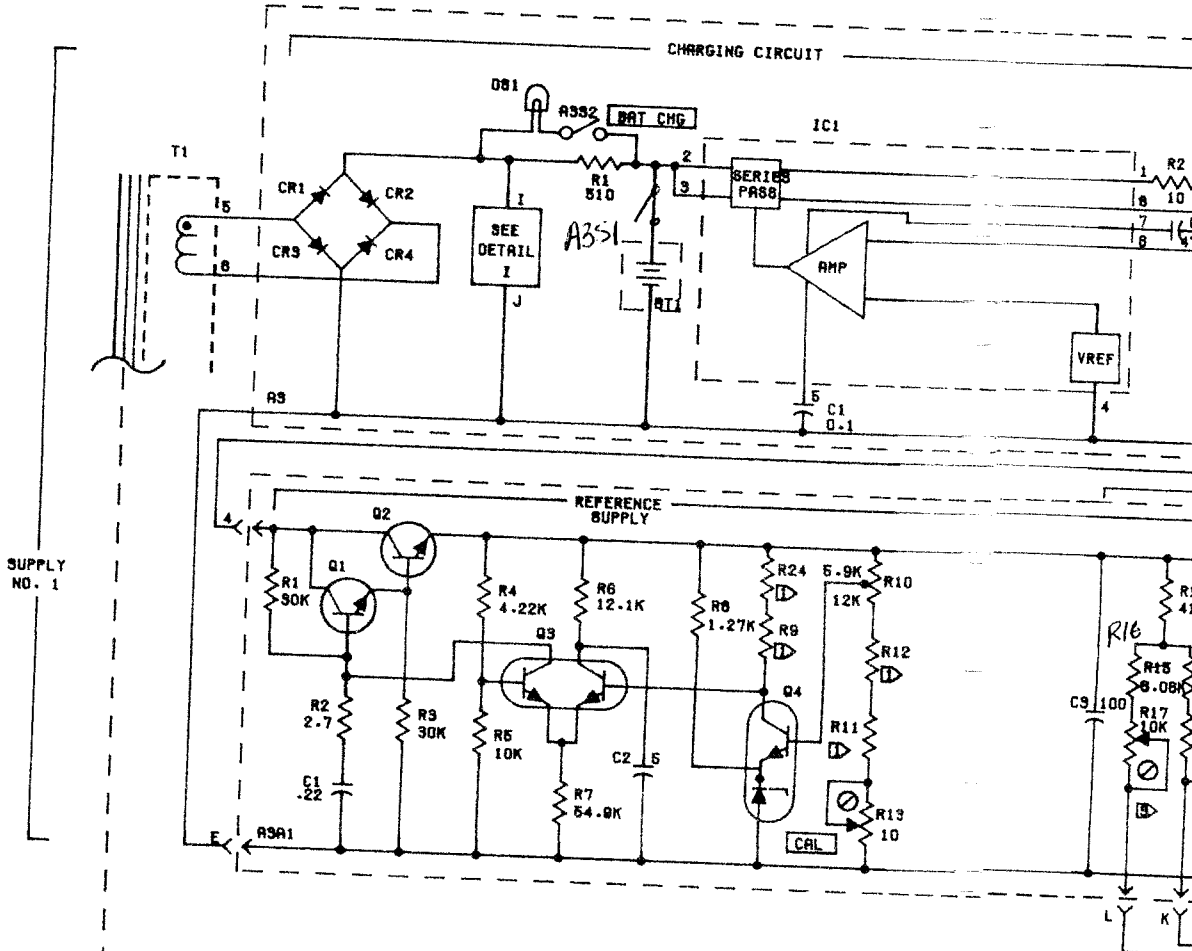
90211	Square D Co. Chicago, Illinois	91934	Miller Electric Co., Inc. Pawtucket, Rhode Island	95354	Methode Mfg. Corp. Rolling Meadows, Illinois	97966	Replaced by 11358
90303	Mallory Battery Co. Tarrytown, New York	93332	Sylvania Electric Products Semiconductor Products Div. Woburn, Massachusetts	95712	Dage Electric Co., Inc. Franklin, Indiana	98094	Replaced by 49956
91293	Johanson Mfg. Co. Boonton, New Jersey	94145	Replaced by 49956	95987	Weckesser Co., Inc. Chicago, Illinois	98278	Microdot Inc. Pasadena, California
91407	Replaced by 58474	94154	Tung-Sol Div. of Wagner Electric Corp. Newark, New Jersey	96733	San Fernando Electric Mfg. Co. San Fernando, California	98291	Sealectro Corp. Conhex Div Mamaroneck, New York
91637	Dale Electronics Inc. Columbus, Nebraska	95146	Alco Electronics Products Inc. Lawrence, Massachusetts	96853	Rustrak Instrument Co. Manchester, New Hampshire	98388	Accurate Rubber & Plastics Culver City, California
91662	Elco Corp. Willow Grove, Pennsylvania	95263	Leecraft Mfg. Co. Long Island City, New York	96881	Thomson Industries, Inc. Manhasset, New York	98743	Replaced by 12749
91737	Gremar Mfg. Co., Inc. Waketfield, Massachusetts	95264	Replaced by 98278	97540	Master Mobile Mounts Div. of Whitehall Electronics Corp. Los Angeles, California	98925	Deleted
91802	Industrial Devices, Inc. Edgewater, New Jersey	95275	Vitramon Inc. Bridgeport, Connecticut	97913	Industrial Electronic Hdwre Corp. New York, New York	99120	Plastic Capacitors, Inc. Chicago, Illinois
91836	King's Electronics Tuckahoe, New York	95303	Radio Corp. of America Solid State & Receiving Tube Div. Cincinnati, Ohio	97945	White, S. S. Co. Plastics Div. New York, New York	99217	Southern Electronics Corp. Burbank, California
91929	Honeywell Inc. Micro Switch Div. Freeport, Illinois					99515	Marshall Industries Capacitor Div. Monrovia, California



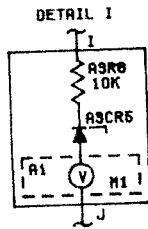
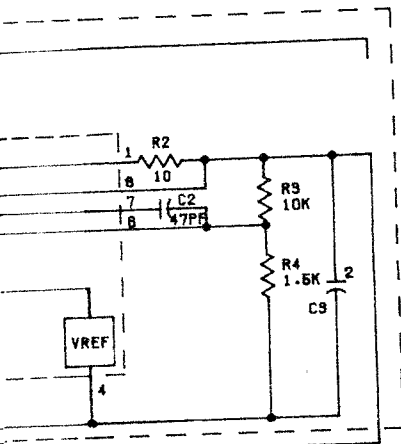
# List of Abbreviations

<b>a, amp</b>	ampere	<b>m</b>	milli or $10^{-3}$
<b>ampl</b>	amplifier	<b>mm</b>	millimeter
<b>ac</b>	alternating current	<b>n</b>	nano or $10^{-9}$
<b>assy</b>	assembly	<b>neg</b>	negative
<b>BCD</b>	binary coded decimal	<b><math>\Omega</math></b>	ohm
<b>cap</b>	capacitor	<b>osc</b>	oscilloscope
<b>car</b>	carbon	<b>ppm</b>	parts per million
<b>cm</b>	centimeter	<b>piv</b>	peak inverse voltage
<b>C</b>	centigrade	<b>p-p</b>	peak to peak
<b>cer</b>	ceramic	<b>p</b>	pico or $10^{-12}$
<b>cw</b>	clockwise	<b>plstc</b>	plastic
<b>CMRR</b>	common mode rejection ratio	<b><math>\pm</math></b>	plus or minus
<b>comp</b>	composition	<b>pos</b>	positive
<b>CCW</b>	counterclockwise	<b>pps</b>	pulses per second
<b>conn</b>	connector	<b>PCB</b>	printed circuit board
<b>CRT</b>	cathode ray tube	<b>QTY</b>	quantity
<b>cps</b>	cycles per second	<b>rf</b>	radio frequency
<b>db</b>	decibel	<b>rfi</b>	radio frequency interference
<b>dvm</b>	digital voltmeter	<b>REC</b>	recommended
<b>dc</b>	direct current	<b>REF</b>	reference
<b>dpdt</b>	double-pole, double-throw	<b>RH</b>	relative humidity
<b>dpst</b>	double-pole, single-throw	<b>res</b>	resistor
<b>elect</b>	electrolytic	<b>rms</b>	root mean square
<b>ext</b>	external	<b>rtry</b>	rotary
<b>F</b>	fahrenheit	<b>sec</b>	second
<b>f</b>	farad	<b>sect</b>	section
<b>FET</b>	field effect transistor	<b>S/N</b>	serial number
<b>flm</b>	film	<b>Si</b>	silicon
<b>Ge</b>	germanium	<b>scr</b>	silicon controlled rectifier
<b>g</b>	giga or $10^9$	<b>spdt</b>	single-pole, double-throw
<b>gnd</b>	ground	<b>spst</b>	single-pole, single-throw
<b>gmV</b>	guaranteed minimum value	<b>sw</b>	switch
<b>grd</b>	guard	<b>Ta</b>	tantalum
<b>h</b>	henry	<b>TC</b>	temperature coefficient
<b>Hz</b>	hertz	<b>t</b>	tera or $10^{12}$
<b>hf</b>	high frequency	<b>xfmr</b>	transformer
<b>IC</b>	integrated circuit	<b>tstr</b>	transistor
<b>if</b>	intermediate frequency	<b>tvm</b>	transistor voltmeter
<b>int</b>	internal	<b>uhf</b>	ultra high frequency
<b>kc</b>	kilocycle	<b>vtvm</b>	vacuum tube voltmeter
<b>k</b>	kilo ( $10^3$ )	<b>var</b>	variable
<b>lf</b>	low frequency	<b>vhf</b>	very high frequency
<b>mc</b>	megacycle	<b>vlf</b>	very low frequency
<b>M</b>	meg or mega ( $10^6$ )	<b>v</b>	volt
<b>met</b>	metal	<b>VCO</b>	voltage controlled oscillator
<b>MOS</b>	metal oxide silicon	<b>w</b>	watt
<b><math>\mu</math></b>	micro or $10^{-6}$	<b>ww</b>	wire wound

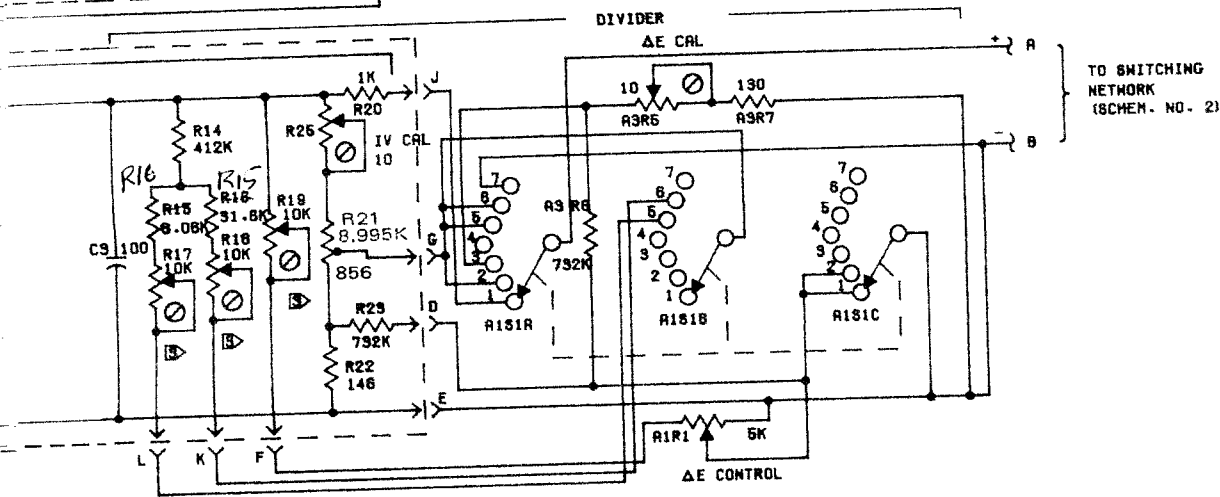




- ALL RESISTANCES  
IN MICROFARADS
- DENOTES SC
  - DENOTES FR
  - DENOTES SEL
  - 1/2A @ 115 VA
  - 1/4A @ 230 VA
  - R17 - 1.018 CA
  - R18 - 1.019 CA
  - R19 - 1.018/1.0



CIRCUIT LOCATED ONLY IN SUPPLY NO. 2.



NOTES:

ALL RESISTANCES IN OHMS AND ALL CAPACITANCES IN MICROFARADS UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.

- ⊖ DENOTES SCREWDRIVER ADJUSTMENT.
- DENOTES FRONT PANEL LOCATION.
- ① DENOTES SELECTED COMPONENT.
- ⊖ 1/2A @ 115 VAC.  
1/2A @ 230 VAC
- ③ R17 - 1.018 CAL  
R18 - 1.019 CAL  
R19 - 1.018/1.019 + ΔE CAL

SWITCH S1 POSITION	FUNCTION
1	10V
2	1V
3	ΔE
4	OPEN
5	1.018V + ΔE
6	1.019V + ΔE
7	SHORTED

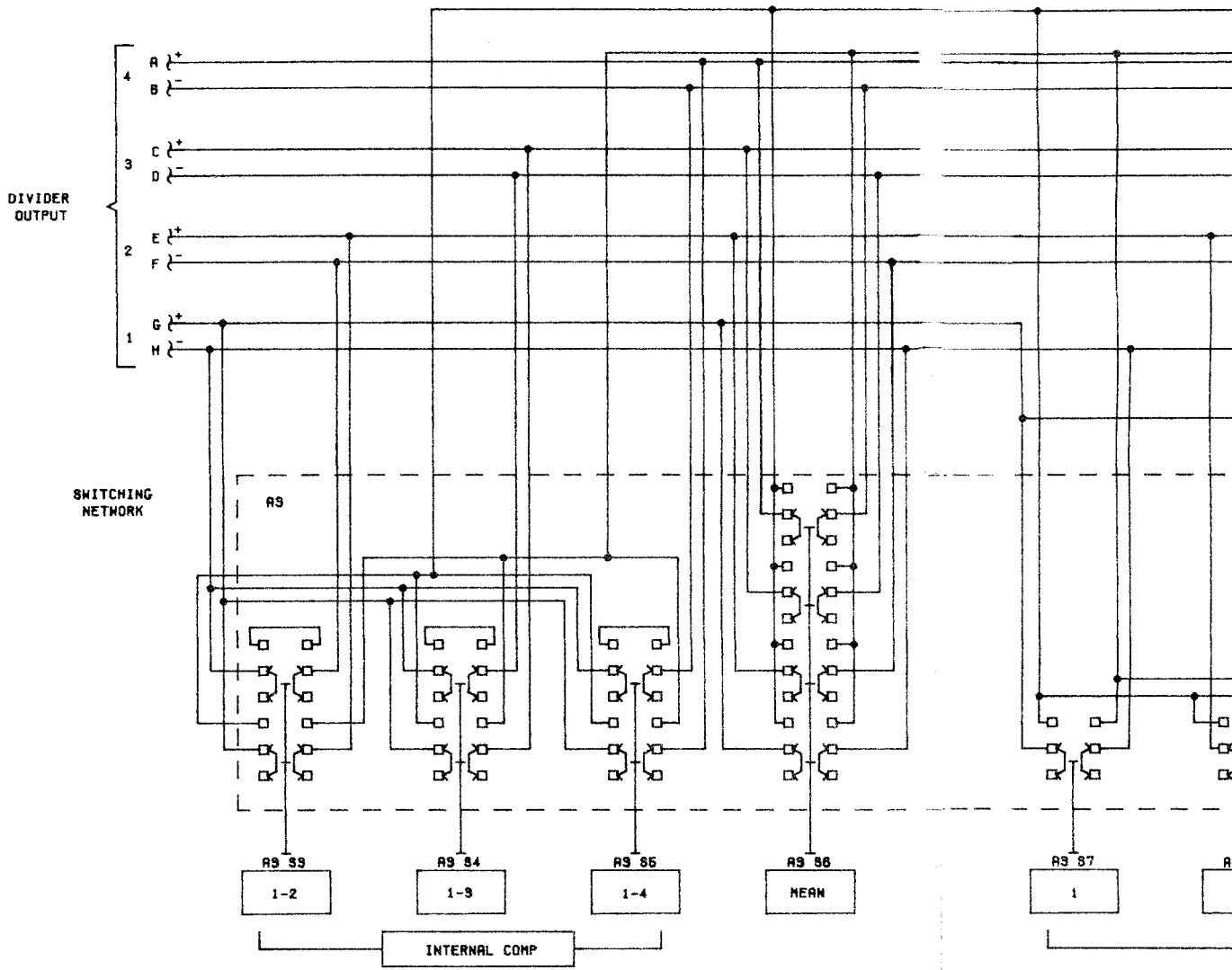
FUNCTIONAL SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM

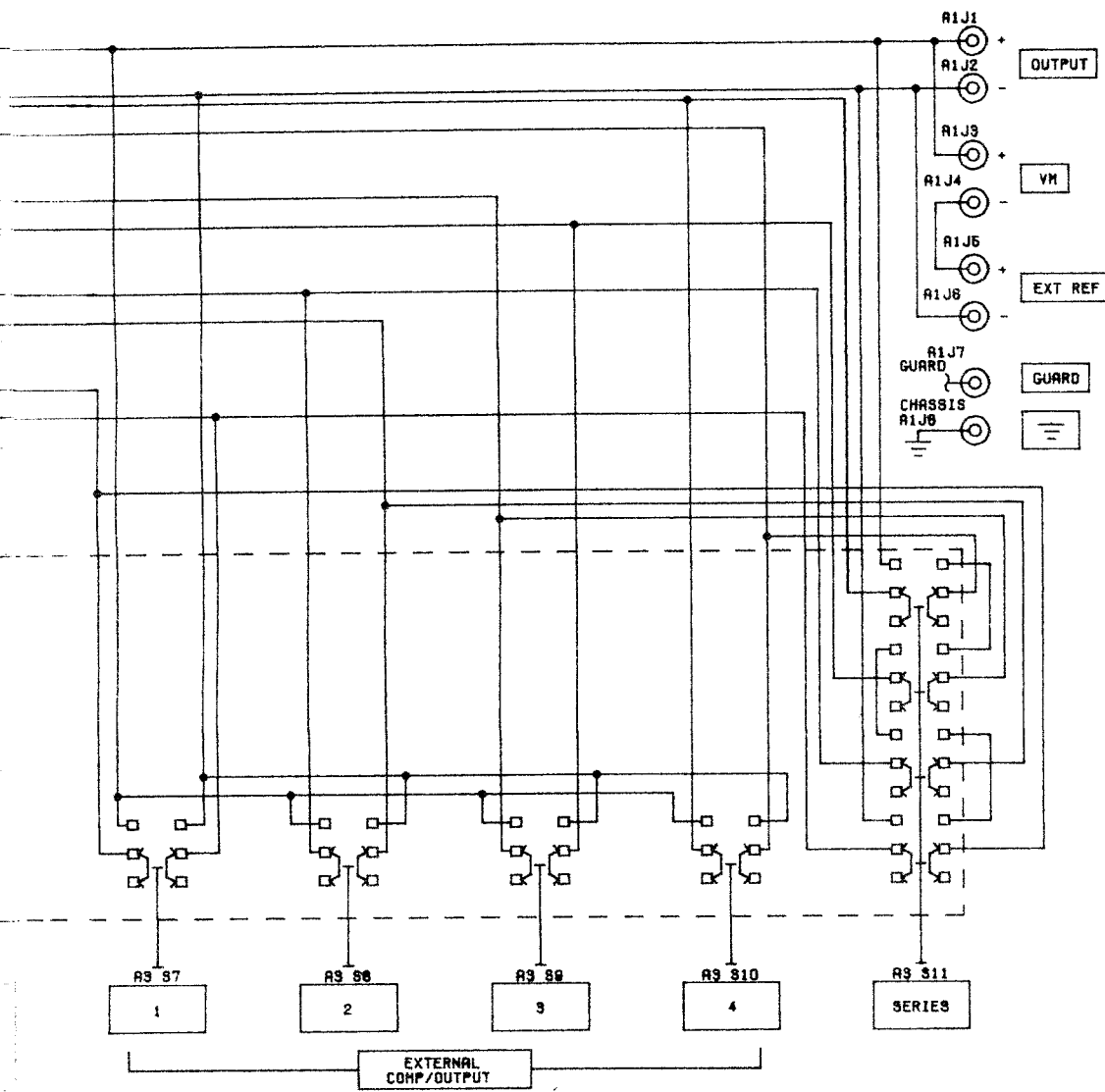
MODEL 730A

SCHEMATIC NO. 1


SER. NO. 123 & ON	REV. a
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**JOHN FLUKE MFG. CO., INC.**  
 P.O. Box 7428 Seattle, Washington 98133

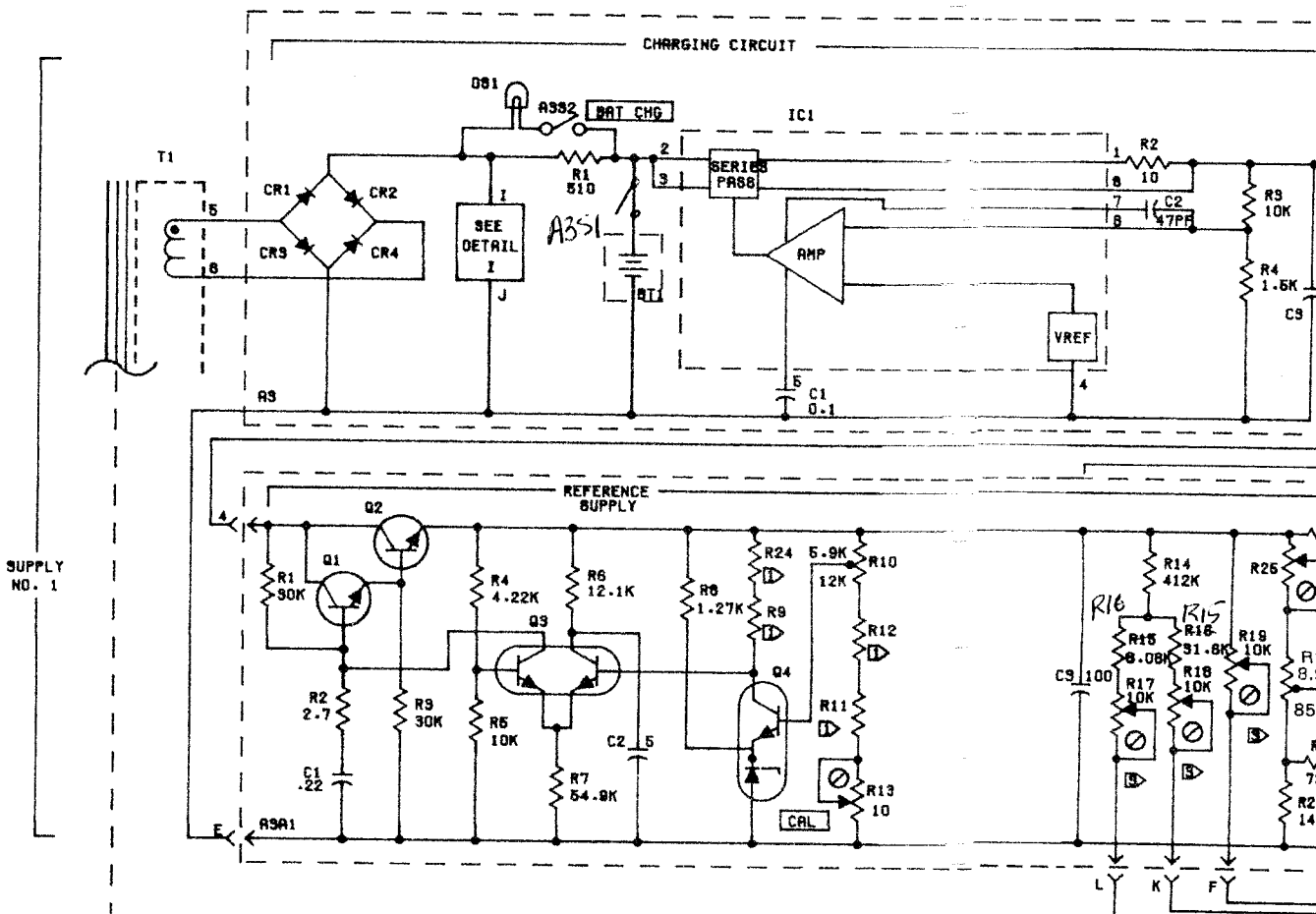




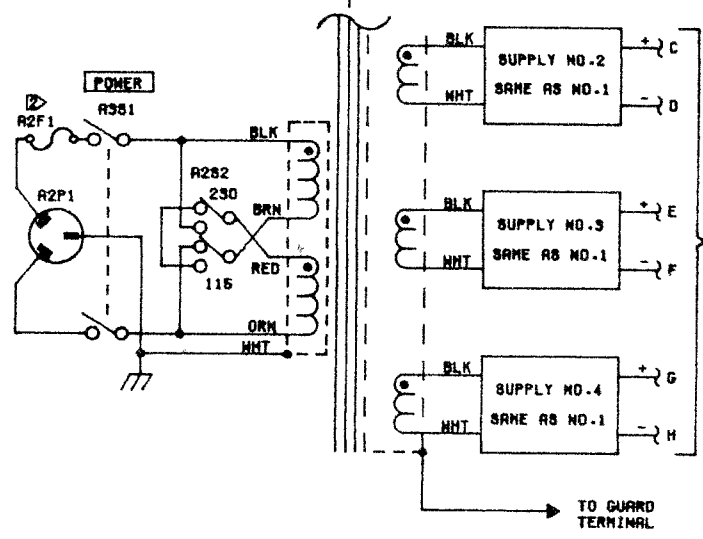
REF. DESIG. PREFIX	ASSEMBLY NAME	NEXT HIGHER ASSEMBLY
NONE	CHASSIS	NONE
A1	FRONT PANEL	CHASSIS
A2	REAR PANEL	CHASSIS
A3	MAIN PCB	CHASSIS
A3A1	REFERENCE SUPPLY NO. 1	A3
A3A2	REFERENCE SUPPLY NO. 2	A3
A3A3	REFERENCE SUPPLY NO. 3	A3
A3A4	REFERENCE SUPPLY NO. 4	A3

FUNCTIONAL SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM	
MODEL 730A SCHEMATIC NO. 2	
SER. NO. 123 & ON	REV a
 <b>JOHN FLUKE MFG. CO., INC.</b> P.O. Box 7428 Seattle, Washington 98133	





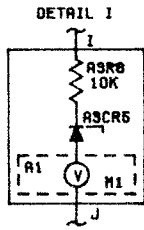
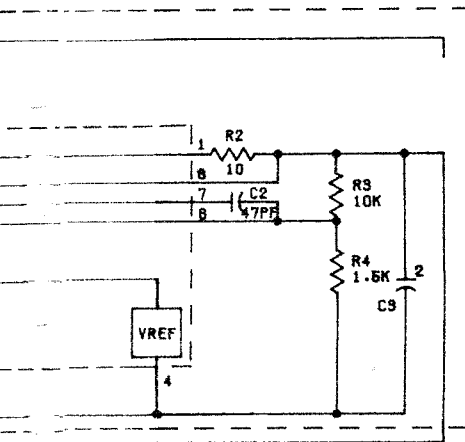
SUPPLY NO. 1



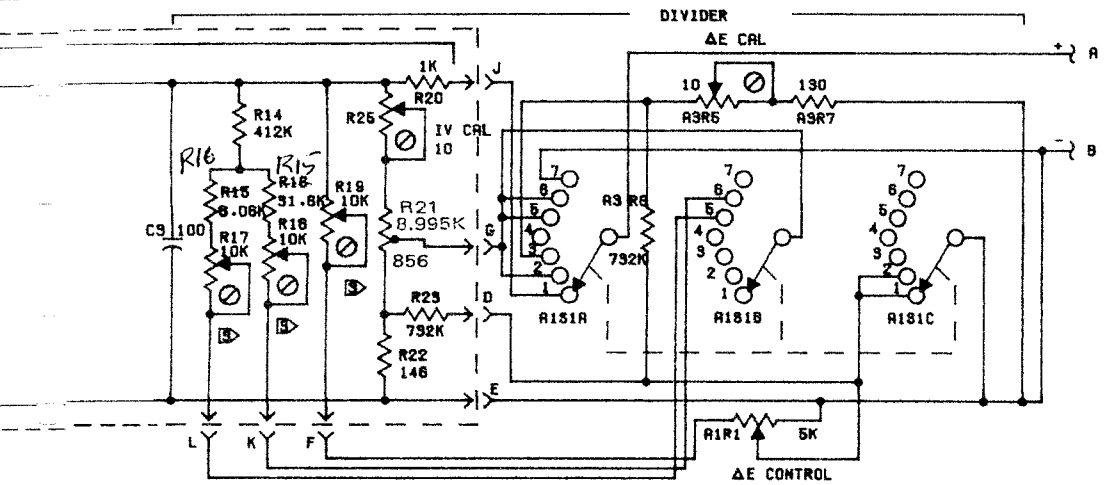
TO SWITCHING NETWORK (SCHEM. NO. 2)

TO GUARD TERMINAL

- NOTES:
- ALL RESISTANCES IN OHMS AND CAPACITANCES IN MICROFARADS UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED
  - DENOTES SCREWDRIVER
  - DENOTES FRONT PANEL
  - DENOTES SELECTED COMPONENT
  - 1/2A @ 115 VAC.  
1/4A @ 230 VAC
  - R17 - 1.018 CAL  
R18 - 1.019 CAL  
R19 - 1.018/1.019 + ΔE CAL



CIRCUIT LOCATED ONLY IN SUPPLY NO. 2.



TO SWITCHING NETWORK (SCHEM. NO. 2)

NOTES:

ALL RESISTANCES IN OHMS AND ALL CAPACITANCES IN MICROFARADS UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.

- DENOTES SCREWDRIVER ADJUSTMENT.
- DENOTES FRONT PANEL LOCATION.
- DENOTES SELECTED COMPONENT.
- 1/2A @ 115 VAC.  
1/4A @ 230 VAC
- R17 - 1.018 CAL  
R18 - 1.019 CAL  
R19 - 1.018/1.019 + ΔE CAL

SWITCH S1 POSITION	FUNCTION
1	10V
2	1V
3	ΔE
4	OPEN
5	1.018V + ΔE
6	1.019V + ΔE
7	SHORTED

FUNCTIONAL SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM	
<p><b>MODEL 730A</b></p> <p><b>SCHEMATIC NO. 1</b></p>	
SER. NO. 123 & ON	REV. a
<b>JOHN FLUKE MFG. CO., INC.</b> <small>P.O. Box 7428 Seattle, Washington 98133</small>	